Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2024 Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska



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Name	Position and Subdistrict
Elected Officials	
Spencer Head	President, Subdistrict 5
Ricky Smith	Vice President, Subdistrict 1
Tracy Casady	Member, Subdistrict 9
Jane Erdenberger	Member, Subdistrict 7
Bri Full	Member, Subdistrict 2
Dr. Shavonna Holman	Member, Subdistrict 4
Margo Juarez	Member, Subdistrict 8
Nancy Kratky	Member, Subdistrict 6
Nick Thielen	Member, Subdistrict 3
Appointed Officials	
Matthew Ray	Superintendent

Shane Rhian	Chief Financial Officer

Financial Section Year Ended August 31, 2024 **Douglas County School District** #0001 Omaha, Nebraska



CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Douglas County School District #0001 ("the District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of August 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Omaha Public Schools Foundation, a blended component unit, which is a major fund and represents 60.17 percent, 71.68 percent and 21.57 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the business-type activities of the District as of August 31, 2024. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Omaha Public Schools Foundation, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Omaha School Employees Retirement System, a blended component unit, which represents 99.98 percent, 99.98 percent and 99.90 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and additions of the fiduciary funds of the District as of August 31, 2024. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Omaha School Employees Retirement System, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Correction of Error

As discussed in Note 12 to the financial statements, certain errors resulting in an overstatement of amounts previously reported right-of-use leased assets and related accumulated amortization and understatement of amounts previously reported as right-of-use subscription IT asset, related accumulated amortization, and subscription IT liabilities as of August 31, 2023, were discovered by management of the District during the current year. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the governmental activities net position as of September 1, 2023, to correct the error. Our opinions are not modified with respect to that matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis; statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – budget and actual (with legally adopted budgets) for the general fund and grants fund; schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios; schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios; and the schedule of employer contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying budgetary comparison schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the listing of district officials but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 18, 2025 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

East Bailly LLP

Omaha, Nebraska March 18, 2025

OVERVIEW

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is information required to be presented by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). This section will provide an introduction to the basic financial statements and an analytical overview of the activities of Douglas County School District #0001 also known as the Omaha Public School District ("the District") with primary emphasis on the District as a whole. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. It also provides additional information that supplements the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. Our discussion and analysis of financial performance of the District is for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024, and it is presented on the accrual basis, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenditures are recognized when they result in a liability for benefits received, even if they occur in an accounting period other than the current fiscal year.

GOVERNANCE ORGANIZATION AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The District is governed by the Board of Education (Board). The nine members of the Board represent nine subdistricts and are elected to four-year terms by the citizens of the District. The terms of the members of the Board overlap with elections occurring every two years. The Board is a policy-making body, deriving its authority from the State of Nebraska through the laws of the State. One of the statutory duties of the Board, as a governing body, is to prepare and approve an annual budget in accordance with the Nebraska Budget Act.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements present a broad overview of information on the primary government's activities, the District, and its component units. The component units include Educational Service Unit No. 19, Friends of KIOS, Educare of Omaha, Inc., and Omaha Public Schools Foundation, all of which are presented as blended component units. As defined in GASB Statement No. 14, as amended, component units are legally separate entities that are included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operating or financial relationships with the District. These statements show both the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Any specific requests for information about the financial operations of the District's component units should be directed to those entities. The government-wide financial statements distinguish between functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, governmental activities, and from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges, business-type activities.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities comprise the government-wide statements and they divide the District's activities into two main categories:

- *Governmental Activities* Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, student support, transportation, etc. Taxes, state aid, county fines and licenses, and other local revenues principally support these functions.
- Business-type Activities The District charges fees to customers to cover the costs of certain services it provides. The Omaha Public Schools Foundation, Educare of Omaha, the Nutrition Services Fund, and the Cooperative Fund for Inter-Local Agreements are among the activities included here.

The statement of net position presents information on all the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the remaining difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus revenues and expenditures are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues pertaining to uncollected taxes and expenses pertaining to earned but unused vacation.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements present the individual funds of the District in more detail than the government-wide financial statements. There are separate financial statements for the governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual method measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. These statements offer a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides. Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements should refer to the reconciliations on the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

All of the District's services are reported in the fund financial statements. Fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows in to and out of funds and the balances left at the end of the fiscal year, which are available for spending. They are reported using modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash.

The District has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds Governmental funds report information about the major funds individually and the non-major funds in aggregate. These statements focus on how cash, and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash, flow in and out, and the balances remaining at year-end, which are available for spending. Therefore, the governmental funds provide a short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
- *Proprietary Funds* Proprietary funds report resources that are not available to support the government's programs. These are generally supported by user fees. The District maintains several enterprise funds which are used to report the functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.
- *Fiduciary Funds* Fiduciary funds account for assets held in a trustee or fiduciary capacity. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose. These activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The District excludes these activities from its government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements and provide a more detailed presentation of various activities of the District, such as bonded indebtedness, leases, subscription IT arrangements, future obligations, commitments, and contingencies of the District. The reader of the financial statements should make particular note of the information included in the notes.

Required Supplementary Information (other than the Management's Discussion & Analysis)

The budget to actual comparisons presented in this section provide a comparison of the District's actual and revised budgets compared to the actual expenditures and revenues for the year being audited. It also presents the variance between budget and actual. This report is required supplementary information. Required supplementary information also includes schedules related to net pension and OPEB liabilities as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Other Supplementary Information

This section includes additional budgetary comparison information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA), which presents the total expenditures for each federal award program in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Some amounts presented in the SEFA may differ from amounts presented or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net Position

The following table presents condensed financial information on the District's net position for the fiscal years ending August 31, 2024 and August 31, 2023.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total				
	2024	2023*	2024	2023	2024	2023*			
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 585,744 908,257	\$ 552,955 911,343	\$ 52,831 18,966	\$	\$ 638,575 927,223	\$ 603,104 930,499			
Total assets	1,494,001	1,464,298	71,797	69,305	1,565,798	1,533,603			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	213,583	288,344	93	77	213,676	288,421			
Liabilities Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	143,185 1,968,424 2,111,609	160,872 2,018,277 2,179,149	1,521 10,692 12,213	1,621 10,548 12,169	144,706 1,979,116 2,123,822	162,493 2,028,825 2,191,318			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	19,157	19,599	4	457	19,161	20,056			
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	22,287 111,848 (557,317)	17,438 95,234 (558,778)	8,740 25,361 25,572	8,912 24,976 22,868	31,027 137,209 (531,745)	26,350 120,210 (535,910)			
Total net position	\$ (423,182)	\$ (446,106)	\$ 59,673	\$ 56,756	\$ (363,509)	\$ (389,350)			

*Governmental activities for fiscal year 2023 have been restated to correct certain errors. See Note 12.

The District's combined total assets increased by \$32,195, 2.1%. The increase of \$36,461, 6.0%, in Current and other assets is due to increased cash and cash equivalents from budget favorability realized during the year. Capital assets are 59.2% of the District's total assets and decreased \$3,276, 0.4%. The decrease in capital assets is due to the depreciation and disposal of assets. The District uses these assets to provide services to its students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The resources needed to repay the debt related to these capital assets must be provided from other sources.

Total liabilities decreased \$67,496, 3.1%, primarily due to a \$28,377, 2.4%, decrease in the District's share of the net pension liability.

Approximately \$137,209 of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions. The \$16,999, 14.1%, increase in restricted net position is primarily due to activity related to the final year of the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) grant program. Approximately \$31,027 of the District's net position represents investment in capital assets, net of related debt.

The remaining unrestricted net position deficit balance of \$531,745 is a result of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, which requires the recognition of the net pension liability for the District's retirement plan, and GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions*, which requires recognition of the net postemployment benefit other than pension (OPEB) liability for medical insurance benefits offered to certain retired employees of the District.

Business-type activities current and other assets increased \$2,492, 3.6%, due to a \$2,494 increase in the balance of investments held by the Omaha Public Schools Foundation.

At August 31, 2024, the District reported an overall negative net position of \$363,509 because of recognition of the total OPEB liability, net pension liability, and the changes in deferred outflows and inflows related to these liabilities. The District's overall total OPEB liability increased \$1,084, 5.5%, to \$20,850, and the overall net pension liability decreased \$28,377, 2.4%, to \$1,057,692. The overall decrease in the net pension liability was the result of positive market returns on the plan assets in calendar year 2023.

The District's combined changes in net position, including both the governmental activities and business-type activities, changed from a year ago and increased by \$25,841, 6.6%. This was generally a result of the overall decrease in the net pension liability noted above.

The following table reflects the condensed statement of activities.

	Governmei	ntal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	tal
	2024	2023*	2024	2023	2024	2023*
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 18,008	\$ 12,087	\$ 7,071	\$ 7,889	\$ 25,079	\$ 19,976
Operating grants						
and contributions	255,233	234,952	16,977	17,429	272,210	252,381
General revenues						
Taxes	394,628	359,326	-	-	394,628	359,326
State funding	345,937	330,858	-	-	345,937	330,858
Federal funding	39,226	3,014		-	39,226	3,014
Investment activity, net	17,890	13,294	5,932	3,178	23,822	16,472
Other	18,100	25,393	-	9,440	18,100	34,833
Total revenues	1,089,022	978,924	29,980	37,936	1,119,002	1,016,860
Expenses						
Instruction and student						
support	623,794	622,105	-	-	623,794	622,105
General administration and						
board of education	3,011	9,851	-	-	3,011	9,851
School administration and						
staff support	123,372	140,086	-	-	123,372	140,086
Business support services	55,893	50,502	-	-	55,893	50,502
Building and grounds	84,643	76,274	-	-	84,643	76,274
Building, construction, and						
renovation	68,768	71,241	-	-	68,768	71,241
Student transportation	35,769	35,849	-	-	35,769	35,849
Community use of facilities						
and regular preschool use	23,050	22,630	-	-	23,050	22,630
Summer school	17,571	14,301	-	-	17,571	14,301
Adult basic education	680	717	-	-	680	717
Debt service	28,659	26,069	-	-	28,659	26,069
Property tax recapture	888	3,028	-	-	888	3,028
Educare	-	-	19,330	19,479	19,330	19,479
Foundation	-	-	7,287	6,763	7,287	6,763
Other	-	-	446	351	446	351
Total expenses	1,066,098	1,072,653	27,063	26,593	1,093,161	1,099,246
Change in net position	22,924	(93,729)	2,917	11,343	25,841	(82,386)
Beginning net position, as						
restated	(446,106)	(352,377)	56,756	45,413	(389,350)	(306,964)
Ending net position	\$ (423,182)	\$ (446,106)	\$ 59,673	\$ 56,756	\$ (363,509)	\$ (389,350)

*Governmental activities for fiscal year 2023 have been restated to correct certain errors. See Note 12.

Total governmental general revenue increased by \$83,896, 11.5%. This increase was primarily due to increases in state funding, \$24,057, 7.84%, and investment income, \$11,530, 653.63%, and increases in taxes of \$21,243, 6.28%. State funding primarily increased due to a \$18,168 increase in state aid and investment income increased primarily due to interest income earned on investments and cash reserves as a result of higher overall interest rates compared to the prior year. Taxes increased due to higher property valuations within the District.

Total governmental expenses decreased \$6,555, 0.6% with significant increases in instruction and student support, \$1,689, 0.3%, and school administration and staff support, \$16,714, 11.9%. These increases were primarily due to activity in the final year of the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) grant program.

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year, except where prohibited by State statutes.

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024, the governmental funds had a total fund balance of \$331,307, an increase of \$57,892, 21.2%, from the prior year. This was the result of an increase of \$38,293, 24.9%, in the general fund, an increase of \$7,894, 31.5%, in the special building fund, an increase of \$5,938 in the debt service fund, and an increase of \$3,067, 41.3%, in the grant fund. The increase in the general fund balance was primarily due to budget favorability related to vacancy savings and transportation savings.

The District's proprietary fund statements have two main sections. These sections are the enterprise funds and internal service funds.

The District's enterprise funds provide the same category of information found in the business-type activities in government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The net position of the enterprise funds totaled \$59,673 on August 31, 2024, an increase of \$2,917, or 5.1%. This was primarily due to an increase in the amount of investments held by the Omaha Public Schools Foundation.

The District's internal services are used to account for goods and services provided by an activity to other departments, funds or component units of the District. The consumption of these services and goods is primarily done by the District. The net position of the internal services fund was \$134,836, a decrease of \$4,092, 2.9%. This decrease was primarily due to the increase in the net pension liability in the nutrition services fund.

ANALYSIS OF BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

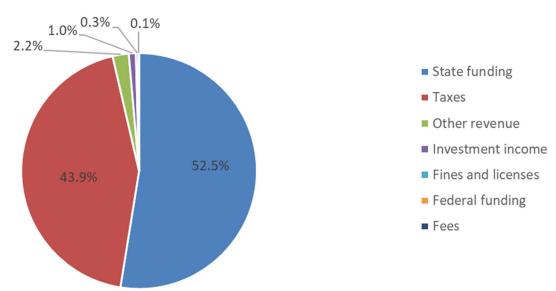
Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Management's Discussion and Analysis (Dollars in thousands) August 31, 2024

The general fund is the District's main operating fund. The general fund's total fund balance on August 31, 2024, was \$192,068, an increase of \$38,293, 24.9%. The following tables and graphs represent significant revenue and expenditure trends for the general fund.

	 Year Ended	l Augu	st 31,	Ar	nount of	Percent	
	 2024		2023	-	ncrease ecrease)	Increase (Decrease)	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 321,449	\$	293,222	\$	28,227	9.63%	
Fees	41		39		2	5.13%	
Investment income	7,081		5,009		2,072	41.37%	
State funding	385,132	385,132 355,288		29,844		8.40%	
Federal funding	726		1,063		(337)	-31.70%	
Fines and licenses	2,384		2,043		341	16.69%	
Other revenue	 16,248		13,113		3,135	23.91%	
Total general fund revenues	\$ 733,061	\$	669,777	\$	63,284	9.45%	

General Fund revenues increased \$63,284, 9.4% due to an increase in taxes, \$28,227, 9.6%, along with an increase in state funding, \$29,844, 8.4%. The tax revenue increase was due to higher property tax valuations within the District. The state funding increase was primarily due to increased reimbursement of special education expenditures by the State.

The following graph provides a breakdown of the General fund revenues:



General Fund Revenues - Fiscal Year 2024

Omaha, Nebraska

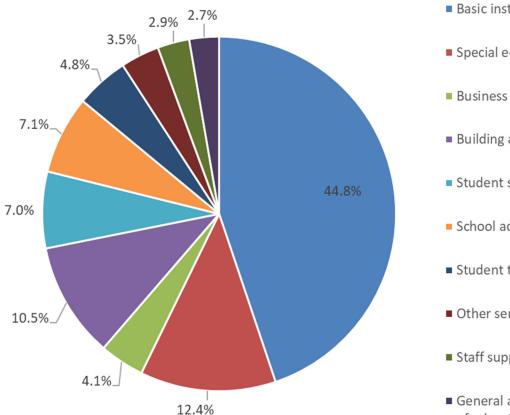
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Dollars in thousands) August 31, 2024

		Year Endec	d Augu	st 31,	 nount of	Percent
	r	2024		2023	 ncrease ecrease)	Increase (Decrease)
Expenditures						
Basic instruction	\$	311,718	\$	289,941	\$ 21,777	7.51%
Special education		86,347		70,965	15,382	21.68%
Student services		48,570		44,707	3,863	8.64%
Staff supported services		20,241		18,013	2,228	12.37%
General administration and						
board of education		18,883		14,322	4,561	31.85%
School administration		49,592		44,534	5,058	11.36%
Business support services		28,453		67,625	(39,172)	-57.93%
Building and grounds		73,262		66,497	6,765	10.17%
Student transportation		33,663		31,961	1,702	5.33%
Community use of facilities and						
regular preschool education		4,117		4,853	(736)	-15.17%
Early childhood special education		2,062		1,664	398	23.92%
Summer school		16,379		14,651	1,728	11.79%
Adult education		205		219	(14)	-6.39%
Debt service		1,876		4,730	 (2,854)	-60.34%
Total general fund						
expenditures	\$	695,368	\$	674,681	\$ 20,687	3.07%

General Fund expenditures increased \$20,687, 3.1%. Basic instruction increased \$21,777, 7.5% primarily due to increased salaries and benefits for staff and additional contributions to the Omaha School Employees Retirement System. Business support services decreased \$39,172, 57.9% due to a decrease in contributions to internal service funds for future obligations and investments in capital assets.

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Management's Discussion and Analysis (Dollars in thousands) August 31, 2024

The following graph provides a breakdown of General Fund expenditures:



General Fund Expenditures - Fiscal Year 2024

- Basic instruction
- Special education
- Business support services
- Building and grounds
- Student services
- School administration
- Student transportation
- Other services
- Staff supported services
- General administration and board of education

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Management's Discussion and Analysis (Dollars in thousands) August 31, 2024

Budgetary Analysis

Annual budgets are prepared in accordance with State statutes on the cash basis of accounting, which is a regulatory basis of accounting, and is not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. The budget is prepared by fund, department/building, and account. The only transfers allowed in the general fund are those between departmental budgets. Any number of transfers can occur throughout each fiscal year only if the original budgeted amount does not change. The 2023-2024 budget included \$11,000 for additional required contributions to the Omaha School Employees Retirement System and \$6,000 for additional purchased services. Overall revenue increased due to interest income from the investment of available cash reserves and expenditures were lower due to vacancy savings from unfilled positions and staff turnover and transportation services savings. The overall general fund balance increased as a result of the budget favorability realized in both revenues and expenditures.

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual
Revenue					
Local	\$	353,499	\$	353,499	\$ 316,830
County and ESU receipts		1,500		1,500	1,346
State receipts		351,176		351,176	385,133
Federal receipts	7	700		700	1,342
Other local		7,585		7,585	 11,875
Total		714,460		714,460	716,526
Expenditures and transfers		727,000		727,000	 692,628
Change in fund balance	\$	(12,540)	\$	(12,540)	\$ 23,898

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At August 31, 2024, the District had \$927,223 invested in capital assets, net of depreciation/amortization, a decrease of \$3,276, 0.4%. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, textbooks, equipment, vehicles, and right-of-use assets.

The following table presents a summary of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization as of August 31, 2024 and 2023.

	Governmental Activities					Business-Ty	ivities	Total				
		2024		2023*		2024		2023		2024		2023*
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization where applicable)												
Land	\$	61,791	\$	61,791	\$	-	\$	-	\$	61,791	\$	61,791
Art		4,423		4,423		-		-		4,423		4,423
Construction in progress		27,508		24,834		396		18		27,904		24,852
Buildings		707,334		752,916		18,295		18,837		725,629		771,753
Furniture		49		66		6		1		55		67
Equipment		9,209		8,185		-		-		9,209		8,185
Computers		21,624		12,307		8		-		21,632		12,307
Software		638		629		-		-		638		629
Textbooks and library books		59,999		31,361		-		-		59,999		31,361
Vehicles		8,398		7,813		-		-		8,398		7,813
Right-of-use lease assets		1,235		1,761		261		300		1,496		2,061
Right-of-use subscription		,										,
IT assets		6,049		5,257		-		-		6,049		5,257
Total capital assets	\$	908,257	\$	911,343	\$	18,966	\$	19,156	\$	927,223	\$	930,499

*Governmental activities for fiscal year 2023 have been restated to correct certain errors. See Note 12.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

Long Term Liabilities

At August 31, 2023, the District had \$1,979,116 in long term liabilities, a decrease of \$49,709, 2.5%. The most significant change was due to the decrease in the net pension liability of \$28,377, 2.4%. This decrease was the result of positive market returns on the plan assets in calendar year 2023.

The following table presents a summary of long term debts as of August 31, 2024 and 2023.

	Go	Governmental Activities				Business-Ty	vpe Acti	vities	Total			
	2024		2024 2023*			2024		2023		2024		2023*
Build America bonds Qualified school construction	\$ 2	13,365	\$	14,220	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,365	\$	14,220
bonds	3	36,295		36,295		-		-		36,295		36,295
General obligation bonds	78	36,620		804,085		-		-		786,620		804,085
Unamortized premiums	ļ	50,551		55,284		-		-		50,551		55,284
Leases payable		1,222		1,835		266		304		1,488		2,139
Subscription IT liabilities		2,269		723		-		-		2,269		723
Termination benefits		26		304		-		-		26		304
Notes payable		-		-		9,960		9,940		9,960		9,940
Net OPEB liability	2	20,850		19,766		-		-		20,850		19,766
Net pension liability	1,05	57,226		1,085,765		466		304		1,057,692		1,086,069
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 1,90	58,424	\$	2,018,277	\$	10,692	\$	10,548	\$	1,979,116	\$	2,028,825

*Governmental activities for fiscal year 2023 have been restated to correct certain errors. See Note 12.

Currently Known Facts, Decisions or Conditions

All school districts in the state operate under a \$1.05 per one hundred dollars of taxable value property tax levy limit. The districts also receive state aid based upon the Tax Equalization and Educational Opportunity Support Act (TEEOSA).

Property tax relief and school funding reform continue to be significant topics in the Nebraska Legislature, with new legislation proposed annually. The Nebraska Legislature passed significant school finance reforms proposed by the Governor during the 2023 legislative session. These reforms included \$1,500 per public school student in Foundation Aid, which directly offsets Equalization Aid in the TEEOSA school funding formula, a statutory requirement to reimburse 80% of allowable local special education expenditures, and a 3% soft cap on school district revenues. The 3% soft cap on revenues is in addition to long-standing caps on property tax levies, \$1.05 per \$100 of property valuation, and a 2.5% soft cap on budgeted expenditure growth. It will take a number of years for these reforms to fully impact the District's finances, but the continuing impact of the 3% soft cap on revenues resulted in the District reducing its combined levy by 10.9 cents and the overall property tax ask by \$8,000, providing true property tax relief to the patrons of the District. The District will continue to monitor legislative initiatives in these areas and engage with Legislators and other stakeholders to advocate for access to adequate financial resources for the District.

The Omaha School Employees' Retirement System (OSERS) is included in the Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements as a fiduciary component unit of the District. The Nebraska Legislature passed LB 147 in 2021 making several significant changes to OSERS. These changes include making the Board of Education responsible for the general administration of OSERS until September 1, 2024, when that responsibility will transfer to the Nebraska Public Employees' Retirement Board, and statutorily changing the audit period for OSERS from a fiscal year ending on August 31st to a calendar year basis beginning on January 1, 2021. The audited calendar year financial statements for OSERS are available upon request from the District.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Omaha Public School District's accountability for the money it receives. Additional details, questions or comments can be requested from the following individuals.

Respectfully submitted by:

Shane T. Rhian Chief Financial Officer Department of General Finance Omaha Public School District 3215 Cuming Street Omaha, NE 68131-2024 Voice: 531-299-9430 Email: Shane.Rhian@ops.org Please visit the District's website at http://www.ops.org for additional financial and other information.

Omaha Public Schools does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, religion, sex, marital status, sexual orientation, disability, age, genetic information, citizenship status, or economic status in its programs, activities and employment and provides equal access to the Boy Scouts and other designated youth groups. The following individual has been designated to address inquiries regarding the non-discrimination policies: Superintendent of Schools, 3215 Cuming Street, Omaha, NE 68131 (531-299-9822).

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Statement of Net Position (Dollars in thousands)

August 31, 2024

	vernmental Activities	ness-Type ctivities	Total		
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 335,328	\$ 9,763	\$	345,091	
Investments	55,193	41,042		96,235	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)					
Property taxes	38,089	-		38,089	
Accrued interest	201	-		201	
Accounts	138,401	1,904		140,305	
Interest rebate subsidy	308	-		308	
Leases	178	-		178	
Noncurrent leases	223	-		223	
Internal balances	401	(401)		-	
Promises to give donations in the future	-	503		503	
Inventories	8,101	-		8,101	
Prepaid items	9,321	20		9,341	
Capital assets:					
Capital assets not being depreciated	89,299	396		89,695	
Capital assets, net of accumulated					
depreciation	811,674	18,309		829,983	
Right to use leased assets, net of					
accumulated amortization	1,235	261		1,496	
Right to use subscription IT assets, net					
of accumulated amortization	 6,049	 -		6,049	
Total assets	 1,494,001	 71,797		1,565,798	
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred amount on refunding	670	-		670	
Other postemployment benefits	3,323	-		3,323	
Pension plans	 209,590	 93		209,683	
Total deferred					
outflows of resources	213,583	93		213,676	
outlows of resources	 213,303	 		213,070	

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Statement of Net Position (Dollars in thousands) August 31, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	33,282	262	33,544
Accrued payroll liabilities	87,216	234	87,450
Contract retention	1,506	-	1,506
Accrued interest payable	6,738	-	6,738
Other liabilities	-	1,016	1,016
Unearned revenue	14,443	9	14,452
Long-term liabilties			
Due within one year, other than OPEB			
and pensions	37,651	40	37,691
Due within one year, total OPEB			
liability	730	-	730
Due in more than one year, other than OPEB			
and pensions	852,697	10,186	862,883
Due in more than one year, total			
OPEB liability	20,120	-	20,120
Due in more than one year, net	4 057 000		
pension liability	1,057,226	466	1,057,692
Total liabilities	2,111,609	12,213	2,123,822
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Other postemployment benefits	9,703	-	9,703
Pension plans	9,037	4	9,041
Lease related	417		417
Total deferred			
inflows of resources	19,157	4	19,161
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	22,287	8,740	31,027
Restricted for			
Debt service	49,241	-	49,241
Capital projects	62,607	-	62,607
Scholarships	-	20,897	20,897
Other purposes	-	4,464	4,464
Unrestricted	(557,317)	25,572	(531,745)
Total net position	\$ (423,182)	\$ 59,673	\$ (363,509)

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Statement of Activities (Dollars in thousands) Year Ended August 31, 2024

				Program Revenues						Net (Expense)	e) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			Position
Functions/Programs		Expenses		arges for Services	Gr	perating rants and ntributions		Capital Grants and ntributions		vernmental Activities		ness-Type ctivities		Total
Primary government														
Governmental activities	ć	401 204	ć		ć	37,190	ć		ć	(264.204)	ć		ć	(264.204)
Basic instruction Special education	\$	401,394 97.801	\$	-	\$	37,190 53.478	\$	-	\$	(364,204) (44,323)	\$	-	\$	(364,204) (44,323)
Student services		106,474		2,895		40,533		-		(63,046)		-		(63,046)
Staff support services		68,746		458		28,084				(40,204)				(40,204)
General administration and board of education		3,011				20,731		_		17,720		_		17,720
School administration		54,626		-				-		(54,626)		-		(54,626)
Business support services		55,893		4		17,386		-		(38,503)		-		(38,503)
Building and grounds		84,643		-		13,606		-		(71,037)		-		(71,037)
Building, construction, and renovation		68,768		-				-		(68,768)		-		(68,768)
Student transportation		35,769		14,389		-		-		(21,380)		-		(21,380)
Community use of facilities and regular		,		,						())		-		())
preschool education		23,050		262		14,427		-		(8,361)		-		(8,361)
Early childhood special education		18,125		-		21,413		-		3,288		-		3,288
Regular summer school		17,571		-		8,151		-		(9,420)		-		(9,420)
Adult basic education		680		-		234		-		(446)		-		(446)
Debt service interest		28,659		-		-		-		(28,659)		-		(28,659)
Property tax recapture		888		-		-		-		(888)		-		(888)
Total governmental activities		1,066,098		18,008		255,233		-		(792,857)		-		(792,857)
Business-type activities														
Educare		19,330		177		16,971		-		-		(2,182)		(2,182)
Foundation		7,287		6,046		-		-		-		(1,241)		(1,241)
Other		446		848		6		-		-		408		408
Total business-type activities		27,063		7,071		16,977		-		-		(3,015)		(3,015)
Total primary government	\$	1,093,161	\$	25,079	\$	272,210	\$	-		(792,857)		(3,015)		(795,872)
General revenues														
Taxes										394,628		-		394,628
State funding										345,937		-		345,937
Federal funding										39,226		-		39,226
Investment activity, net										17,890		5,932		23,822
Fines and licenses										2,384		-		2,384
Other revenue										15,716		-		15,716
Total general revenue										815,781		5,932		821,713
Change in net position										22,924		2,917		25,841
Net position - beginning, as previously reported										(446,739)		56,756		(389,983)
Adjustments (Note 12)										633		-		633
Net position, beginning, as restated										(446,106)		56,756		(389,350)
Net position - ending									Ş	(423,182)	\$	59,673	Ş	(363,509)
										/				/

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

(Dollars in thousands)

August 31, 2024

	 General Fund	Special uilding Fund	 Grant Fund	 Debt Service Fund	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	\$ 115,578 -	\$ 33,092 51	\$ 3,728	\$ 16,561 27,435	\$	22,833 25,094	\$	191,792 52,580
Property taxes Accounts	30,494 3,541	1,718	۔ 133,852	5,044		833 105		38,089 137,498
Leases Accrued interest Due from other funds	- - 88,634	401	- - 400	- 201		-		401 201 89,034
Inventories Prepaid items	 5,074 3,784	 -	 - 3,060	 -		386 794		5,460 7,638
Total assets	\$ 247,105	\$ 35,262	\$ 141,040	\$ 49,241	\$	50,045	\$	522,693
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	 	 	 	 				
Liabilities Accounts payable Payroll liabilities Other payables Due to other funds Unearned revenue Contract retention	\$ 4,845 50,192 - - -	\$ 1,084 - - 820 - 12	\$ 22,581 3,640 1,172 87,746 13,908 1,494	\$ - - - -	\$	1,283 1,590 - 67 535 -	\$	29,793 55,422 1,172 88,633 14,443 1,506
Total liabilities	 55,037	 1,916	 130,541	 -		3,475		190,969
Deferred Inflows of Resources Lease related	 	 417	 -	 -		-		417
Fund Balance Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	8,858 - 60,352 1,229 121,629	- 32,929 - - -	3,060 7,439 - - -	- 49,241 - - -		1,180 29,990 223 15,177		13,098 119,599 60,575 16,406 121,629
Total fund balance	 192,068	 32,929	 10,499	 49,241		46,570		331,307
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 247,105	\$ 35,262	\$ 141,040	\$ 49,241	\$	50,045	\$	522,693

Omaha, Nebraska

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position (Dollars in thousands) August 31, 2024

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	331,307
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	·	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		899,666
Certain assets and deferred outflows resources related to long-term liabilities do not reflect a current outflow of resources and are not recognized in the funds.		978
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		189,506
Compensated absences included in accrued payroll liabilities represent amounts that are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(29,081)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	((1,950,394)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and vehicles, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net		
position.		134,836
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(423,182)

Omaha, Nebraska

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

(Dollars in thousands)

Year Ended August 31, 2024

	(General Fund		Special uilding Fund	 Grant Fund	:	Debt Service Fund	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues											
Taxes	\$	321,449	\$	16,401	\$ -	\$	48,664	\$	8,114	\$	394,628
Fees		41		-	-		-		-		41
Investment income		7,081		1,527	1,218		1,014		1,191		12,031
State funding		385,132		1,490	1,718		4,453		3,567		396,360
Federal funding		726		-	202,713		-		1,288		204,727
Fines and licenses		2,384		-	-		-		-		2,384
Other revenue		16,248		555	 19		-		25,966		42,788
Total revenues		733,061		19,973	 205,668		54,131		40,126		1,052,959
Expenditures Current											
Basic instruction		311,718		-	78,150		-		3,000		392,868
Special education		86,347		-	5,212		-		-		91,559
Student services		48,570		-	11,093		-		8,190		67,853
Staff supported services		20,241		-	29,247		-		13,246		62,734
General administration and board of education		18,883		-	9,430		-		55		28,368
School administration		49,592		-	-		-		-		49,592
Business support services		28,453		5,669	4,833		132		11,195		50,282
Building and grounds		73,262		-	30,591		-		-		103,853
Building, construction, and renovation		-		6,376	387		-		-		6,763
Student transportation Community use of facilities and regular		33,663		-	-		-		-		33,663
preschool education		4,117			17,740						21,857
Early childhood special education		2,062		-	15,446		-		_		17,508
Summer school		16,379		-	13,440		-		_		16,396
Adult education		205			455						660
Debt service		205			455						000
Principal		1,086		-	1,816		17,465		2,604		22,971
Interest and fiscal charges		73		-	-		30,475		2,288		32,836
Property tax recapture		717		34	-		121		16		888
Total expenditures		695,368		12,079	 204,417		48,193		40,594		1,000,651
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									(100)		50.000
over (under) Expenditures		37,693		7,894	1,251		5,938		(468)		52,308
Other Financing Sources Leases		434		-	-		-		188		622
Subscription-based information											
technology arrangements		166		-	 1,816		-		2,980		4,962
Total other financing sources		600		-	 1,816		-		3,168		5,584
Net Change in Fund Balance		38,293		7,894	3,067		5,938		2,700		57,892
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		153,775		25,035	 7,432		43,303		43,870		273,415
Fund Balance, End of Year	ć	192,068	ć	32,929	10,499		49,241		46,570		331,307

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities (Dollars in thousands) Year Ended August 31, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/ amortization expense.	4,309)
In the statement of activities compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used.	6,899)
In the statement of activities OPEB is measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used.	(688)
In the statement of activities the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. In the governmental funds, however, the contributions are reported as expense.	0,545)
In the statement of activities interest expense is recognized as it accrues. In the governmental funds, however, the expenditure is measured by the amount of financial resources used.	192
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net	1,373
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities to	4,092)
	<u>4,092)</u> 2,924

Omaha, Nebraska

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds (Dollars in thousands)

August 31, 2024

		Business-t	ype Activities		Governmental Activities Internal
		Business-u	Nonmajor		Service
	Educare	Foundation	Enterprise Fund	Total	Funds
Assets					
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Accounts Promises to give donations in the future Inventories Prepaid items	\$ 7,318 - 1,805 503 -	\$ 2,009 41,042 70 - 19	\$ 436 - 29 - 1	\$ 9,763 41,042 1,904 503 - 20	\$ 143,536 2,613 903 - 2,641 1,683
Total current assets	9,626	43,140	466	53,232	151,376
Noncurrent Assets Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Right-to-use leased assets, net of accumulated amortization	368 18,286	28 15 261	- 8	396 18,309 261	662 7,929
Total noncurrent assets	18,654	304	8	18,966	8,591
Total assets	28,280	43,444	474	72,198	159,967
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension plans			93	93	4,879
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued payroll liabilities Other liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Current portion of long-term debt	39 - 1,016 - -	210 188 - - 9 40	13 46 - 401 -	262 234 1,016 401 9 40	2,317 2,713 - -
Total current liabilities	1,055	447	460	1,962	5,030
Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt, net of current portion Notes payable Leases payable Net pension liability	9,960 - -	226	- 466	9,960 226 466	24,768
Total noncurrent liabilities	9,960	226	466	10,652	24,768
Total liabilities	11,015	673	926	12,614	29,798
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension plans			4	4	212
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Scholarships Other purposes Unrestricted	8,694 - 2,311 6,260	38 20,897 2,153 19,683	8 - - (371)	8,740 20,897 4,464 25,572	8,591 - 126,245
Total net position	\$ 17,265	\$ 42,771	\$ (363)	\$ 59,673	\$ 134,836

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds (Dollars in thousands)

Year Ended August 31, 2024

				Business-ty					A	ernmental ctivities nternal
	Educare		Foundation		Nonmajor Enterprise Fund		Total			Service Funds
Operating Revenues										
Charges for services	\$	177	\$	-	\$	-	\$	177	\$	803
Other operating revenues		16,971		6,046		848		23,865		3,267
Total operating revenues		17,148		6,046		848		24,042		4,070
Operating Expenses										
Salaries		11,249		2,247		317		13,813		11,810
Employee benefits		2,446		277		-		2,723		13,303
Purchased services		830		1,352		16		2,198		8,944
Supplies and materials		1,483		768		108		2,359		18,826
Depreciation/amortization		530		51		1		582		1,456
Other expenses		2,666		2,015		4		4,685		5,260
Commodities expense		-		577		-		577		-
Total operating expenses		19,204		7,287		446		26,937		59,599
Operating Income (Loss)		(2,056)		(1,241)		402		(2,895)		(55,529)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)										
Employer contribution		-		-		-		-		5,583
Loss on disposal of assets		-		-		-		-		(15)
Interest and investment income		-		1,149		-		1,149		5,858
Unrealized/realized gain		-		4,783		-		4,783		-
Interest expense and bond fees		(126)		-		-		(126)		-
State subsidies		-		-		6		6		539
Federal subsidies		-		-		-		-		39,472
Total nonoperating										
revenues (expenses)		(126)		5,932		6		5,812		51,437
Change in Net Position (Deficit)		(2,182)		4,691		408		2,917		(4,092)
Total Net Position (Deficit), Beginning of Year		19,447		38,080		(771)		56,756		138,928
Total Net Position (Deficit), End of Year	\$	17,265	\$	42,771	\$	(363)	\$	59,673	\$	134,836

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds (Dollars in thousands) Year Ended August 31, 2024

Governmental Activities **Business-type Activities** Internal Nonmajor Service Educare Foundation **Enterprise Fund** Total Funds **Operating Activities** \$ 803 Receipts from customers and users \$ 177 3,212 \$ \$ 3,389 \$ Receipts from nonrevenue sources 771 771 5,122 Receipts from grants and contributions 18,013 3,507 21,520 Payments to suppliers (3,599) (124) (6,298) (30,787) (2,575) Payments to and on behalf of employees (13,695) (2,518)(608) (16,821) (21,611) Payments for scholarships (480) (480) -Payments for grants (536) _ (536) (2,492) (2, 496)Payments for other expenses (4) (5,260) Net Cash (Used for) from Operating Activities (572) (414) 35 (951) (51,733) Noncapital Financing Activities Federal and state subsidies 6 6 40,011 Employer contributions 5,080 Payments received on interfund borrowing 226 226 Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities 232 232 45,091 Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition of capital assets (350) (33) (9) (392) (2,694) Debt service Principal (38) (38) -Interest (106)_ (106) Net Cash Used for Capital (9) and Related Financing Activities (456) (71) (536) (2,694) **Investing Activities** Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments 9,427 9,427 289 Purchase of investments (9,944) (9,944) _ Interest and dividends from investments 1,268 1,268 5,858 (171) (171) Payments to investment managers Net Cash from Investing Activities 580 580 6,147 --Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,028) 95 258 (675) (3,189) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year 8,346 1,914 178 10,438 146,725 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year 436 9,763 \$ 7,318 \$ 2,009 143,536 \$ \$ \$

Omaha, Nebraska

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

(Dollars in thousands)

Year Ended August 31, 2024

				Business-ty	pe Activi	ties			A	vernmental Activities Internal
	E	ducare	Fou	undation		nmajor prise Fund		Total		Service Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash (Used for) from Operating Activities Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,056)	Ś	(1,241)	\$	402	Ś	(2,895)	\$	(55,529)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash (used for) from operating activities	·		·		·		·		·	
Depreciation/amortization		530		51		1		582		1,456
Credit expense loss		-		59		-		59		-
Changes in assets and liabilities										
Accounts receivable		1,045		(41)		(29)		975		1,855
Promises to give		(3)		729		-		726		-
Prepaid items		14		(4)		(1)		9		(1,289)
Inventories		-		-		-		-		(544)
Pension related deferred outflows		-		-		(16)		(16)		2,332
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(276)		101		1		(174)		(1,184)
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		6		16		22		(1,541)
Other liabilities		174		(80)		-		94		-
Unearned revenue		-		6		(48)		(42)		-
Net pension liability		-		-		162		162		2,682
Pension related deferred inflows		-		-		(453)		(453)		29
Net cash (used for) from										
operating activities	\$	(572)	\$	(414)	\$	35	\$	(951)	\$	(51,733)
Supplemental Schedule of Noncash Investing and Financing Activities										
Amortization of debt issuance costs	\$	20	\$	-	\$	-	\$	20	\$	-

Omaha, Nebraska

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds (Dollars in thousands)

Year Ended August 31, 2024

	Employee Retirement Plan	Private-Purpose Trusts	Custodial Funds
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,477	\$ 176	\$ 219
Investments	1,601,493	-	-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):			
Accounts	96,603	-	-
Other assets	12,774	-	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		12	1
Total assets	1,721,347	188	220
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	1,871	15	-
Payroll liabilities	12,471	-	-
Other payables	12,774	-	-
Other liabilities	113,953		
Total liabilities	141,069	15	
Net Position			
Restricted for			
Pension benefits	1,580,278	-	-
Individuals, organizations, and other			
governments		173	220
Total net position	\$ 1,580,278	\$ 173	\$ 220

Omaha, Nebraska

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds (Dollars in thousands) Year Ended August 31, 2024

	Employee Retirement Plan	Private-Purpose Trusts	Custodial Funds
Additions			
Contributions			
Plan member contributions	\$ 42,900	\$-	\$-
Employer contributions	77,763	-	-
State contributions	9,575		-
Total contributions	130,238		
Investment income			
Interest and dividends	29,132	12	11
Securities lending income	1,456	-	-
Net increase in fair value	159,720		-
Total investment income	190,308	12	11
Less investment expense	(4,195)	-	-
Securities lending expense	(1,290)		-
Net investment income	184,823	12	11
Other	74	266	26
Total additions	315,135	278	37
Deductions			
Retirement annuities	146,402	-	-
Refunds to employees, including interest	9,438	-	-
Administrative expenses			
Personnel costs	288	-	4
Professional fees	574	155	25
Other	41	132	24
Total deductions	156,743	287	53
Change in Net Position	158,392	(9)	(16)
Net Position, Beginning	1,421,886	182	236
Net Position, Ending	\$ 1,580,278	\$ 173	\$ 220

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Douglas County School District #0001, more commonly known as Omaha Public Schools, is a tax-exempt political subdivision and a Class V school district of the State of Nebraska. The District is governed by a nine member Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies of Douglas County School District #0001 (the District). These policies are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Reporting Entity

The governmental reporting entity consists of the District (Primary Government) and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable or other organizations whose nature and significant relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and (i) either the District's ability to impose its will on the organization or (ii) there is potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the District.

The basic financial statements include blended component units as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the District's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

For financial reporting purposes, the District's basic financial statements include all financial activities that are controlled by or are dependent upon the actions taken by the District. The financial statements of the individual component units may be obtained from the District; the Omaha Public Schools Foundation; Educational Service Unit No. 19; Educare of Omaha, Inc.; or Omaha School Employees' Retirement System.

Blended Component Units

Educational Service Unit No. 19 – On June 19, 1972, the Board of Education of the District, through official resolution and under powers from LB 928 passed by the Nebraska State Legislature, established Educational Service Unit No. 19 ("ESU No. 19"). ESU No. 19 was originally designed to provide educational data processing to the District and, on a cost reimbursable basis, to other districts throughout the State of Nebraska. Currently, its core services include, but are not limited to: staff development, technology, and audio-visual services. The Governing Board of ESU No. 19 maintains a posture of cooperating with other school districts. However, ESU No. 19's first responsibility is to the students and patrons of the District. ESU No. 19 has an August 31 fiscal year end and the information included herein is as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024. ESU No. 19 is included within the other governmental funds.

- <u>Friends of KIOS</u> Friends of KIOS was created as a fund-raising entity for KIOS-FM, the radio station of the District. The amounts raised are to be exclusively used to benefit the Omaha Public Schools radio station, KIOS-FM. For IRS purposes, this entity is classified as a 501(c)(3) organization. Friends of KIOS has an August 31 fiscal year end and the information included herein is as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024. Friends of KIOS is included within the other governmental funds.
- <u>The Omaha Public Schools Foundation</u> The Omaha Public Schools Foundation ("the Foundation") is a not-for-profit entity classified as a 501(c)(3) organization by the IRS. The Foundation was organized to solicit and receive contributions, gifts, grants, devises, or bequests of real or personal property or both and to use the income and principal exclusively for the benefit of the public schools operated by the District. The Foundation also administers programs beneficial to the education of pre-kindergarten or school age children.

The Board of Directors manages the business and affairs of the Foundation. The number of Directors of the Board shall not be less than nine or more than eighteen; one of which shall at all times be a member of the Board of Education of the District; one shall be the President of the Omaha Education Association. The members-at-large are appointed by the Board of Education of the District in consultation with the Superintendent. The Superintendent of the District also serves as the Treasurer of the Foundation as a non-voting member. The Foundation has an August 31 fiscal year end and the information included herein is as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024. The Foundation is presented as a major enterprise fund of the District.

Educare of Omaha, Inc. – On March 31, 2002, Educare of Omaha, Inc. ("Educare") was formed as a 501(c)(3) organization to provide educational and developmental programs to pre-kindergarten children meeting designated criteria, including but not limited to Legislative Bill (LB) 759, within the Omaha metropolitan area.

The Board of Directors of Educare is comprised of not less than five or more than thirteen members. Five of the Director positions must be comprised by two co-chairpersons of the Educare Policy Committee; two representatives from the Buffett Early Childhood Fund (a Nebraska not-for-profit corporation); and one representative from the District. Educare has a December 31 year end and the information included herein is as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023. Educare is presented as a major enterprise fund of the District.

• <u>Omaha School Employees' Retirement System</u> – In 1909, the District began maintaining a retirement system for its teachers. Subsequently, the District added two more retirement systems, one covering non-teaching school employees and one covering school cafeteria employees. In 1951, the Nebraska State Legislature consolidated the three systems into one new system. The new system, Omaha School Employees' Retirement System ("OSERS"), is a defined-benefit plan.

In accordance with Nebraska revised statutes, OSERS is governed by the Board of Trustees, which is comprised of three members who are active employees of the District, one annuitant member, two business people approved by the District Board of Education, and the Superintendent of the District, or his/her designee. OSERS is administered by the Executive Director of OSERS. The State of Nebraska has the authority under which plan provisions and obligations may be amended or established.

During 2021, the Nebraska 107th Legislature enacted Legislative Bill (LB) 147. LB 147 contained instituted governance changes to the administration of the OSERS plan. Effective July 1, 2021, the management oversight was invested in the Omaha Public Schools (OPS) Board of Education giving the OPS Board of Education the authority to appoint seven members to the OSERS Transition Board. The OSERS Transition Board is now a seven-member board consisting of the OPS Superintendent, two business community members, two representatives of the OPS Board of Education, and two members of the OSERS plan.

Additionally, LB 147 mandated the transition of the administration of OSERS to the Nebraska Public Employees' Retirement Board, effective September 1, 2024. The OSERS Transition Board and the OPS Board of Education are charged with ensuring the transition of administration by September 1, 2024.

OSERS is included as a pension trust fiduciary fund of the District. The financial information included in the fiduciary fund financial statements is as of and for OSERS' audit year ending December 31, 2023.

Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds).

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities, which display information about the primary government as a whole. These statements categorize activities as governmental or business-type and exclude any fiduciary activities. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The statement of net position presents the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in the following categories:

- <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, including unamortized deferred amounts on advance refundings.
- <u>Restricted Net Position</u> Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) fees and charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in both the governmental and proprietary fund categories. Major individual funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds by category are summarized into a single column as nonmajor governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- <u>General Fund</u> The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for elsewhere.
- <u>Special Building Fund</u> The special building fund is used to account for (1) resources accumulated from tax levies and spent for Board of Education authorized facility renovation and construction and (2) for revenues and expenditures for Board of Education authorized facility renovation and construction associated with the issuance of general obligation bonds.

- <u>Grant Fund</u> The grant fund is used to account for all revenues and Board of Education authorized expenditures for programs that have Federal, State, or private funding.
- <u>Debt Service Fund</u> The debt service fund is used to account for resources accumulated from tax levies and spent for Board of Education authorized general obligation bond debt and interest payments.

The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

- <u>Educare Fund</u> The Educare fund reports the activities of a 501(c)(3) not-for-profit organization that carries out a significant portion of the District's Head Start and Early Head Start programs for pre-kindergarten children residing in the District.
- <u>Foundation Fund</u> The Foundation fund reports the activities of a 501(c)(3) not-for-profit organization that receives donations on behalf of the District and administers programs that are beneficial to the education of pre-kindergarten and school age children.

The internal service funds are used to account for financing of goods or services provided by an activity to other departments, funds, or component units of the District. They are also used to account for self-insurance funds to accommodate risk financing. The District's internal service funds are presented in the proprietary fund financial statements. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, the financial activity of the internal service funds is included in the governmental activities column when presented in the government-wide financial statements.

The fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others and therefore are not available to support the District's programs. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements. The accounting for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The District's fiduciary funds include a pension trust fund, a private purpose trust fund, and a custodial fund.

Pension trust funds accumulate resources held in trust for pension payments to qualified beneficiaries. The District acts as Administrator and includes the following pension trust fund in its financial statements:

• <u>Omaha School Employees' Retirement System</u> – OSERS accounts for the single employer defined benefit pension plan covering certain eligible employees of the District.

Private-purpose trust funds are used to report funds held in a qualifying trust that are not required to be reported in a pension or investment trust fund. These funds are used for specific purposes that were originally defined by the person or organization that gave the funds to the District.

Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recognized when a liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences and pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) obligations are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions, right to use leased assets, and right to use subscription IT assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases and subscription IT arrangements are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific costreimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's proprietary funds are charges to customers for services and contributions for program purposes. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of providing services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budget Process

The District prepares the operating budgets for the various funds. The basis of accounting for budgetary purposes is the same as that used for regulatory reporting purposes permitted by the Nebraska Commissioner of Education, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. The operating budget includes disbursements and their financing means. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. The budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education through passage of a resolution in accordance with state statutes. Total disbursements cannot legally exceed the adopted budget. Any revisions to the adopted budget must be approved by the Board of Education following a hearing to obtain taxpayer comments.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value, except for investments in the Nebraska Liquid Asset Fund (NLAF), which are valued at amortized cost, and investments in certificates of deposit, which are stated at cost. Securities traded on the national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

Receivables

All receivables, including property taxes receivable, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, if applicable.

Property taxes are assessed, levied, due and payable on a calendar year basis as of December 31, based on an assessed valuation as of each January 1, and are payable in two equal installments on or before March 31 and July 31. Property taxes become delinquent April 1 and August 1. Property taxes receivable represents the amount of tax levied for the current year, which is uncollected as of August 31.

Lease Receivables

Lease receivables are recognized by the District as the present value of future lease payments expected to be received from the lessee during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible accounts. Lease receivables are subsequently reduced over the life of the lease as cash is received in the applicable reporting period. The present value of future lease payments to be received are discounted based on the interest rate the District charges the lessee.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories in governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. They are reported at weighted average cost which is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are used. Proprietary fund and similar component unit inventories are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis.

Prepaid items are payments to vendors that benefit future reporting periods reported on the consumption basis. Both inventories and prepaid expenses are similarly reported in government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historic cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would have been paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. The District maintains a threshold level of \$5 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public school purposes by the District, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Land is not depreciated. Estimated useful lives for depreciable assets are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	10-30 years
Furniture	3-10 years
Equipment	3-10 years
Computers	3-10 years
Software	3-10 years
Art	3-10 years
Textbooks and library books	3-10 years
Vehicles	3-10 years

The District has policy to recognize works of art at cost upon acquisition or fair market value if donated at time of acquisition.

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands) August 31, 2024

Right to use leased assets are recognized at the lease commencement date and represent the District's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term. Right to use leased assets are measured at the initial value of the lease liability plus any payments made to the lessor before commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, plus any initial direct costs necessary to please the lease asset into service. Right to use leased assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset using the straight-line method. The amortization period varies from 2 to 5 years.

Right to use subscription IT assets are recognized at the subscription commencement date and represent the District's right to use the underlying IT asset for the subscription term. Right to use subscription IT assets are measured at the initial value of the subscription liability plus any payments made to the vendor at the commencement of the subscription term, less any subscription incentives received from the vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term, plus any capitalizable initial implementation costs necessary to place the subscription asset into service. Right to use subscription IT assets are amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or useful life of the underlying asset using the straight-line method. The amortization period varies from 2 to 7 years.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unamortized deferred amounts on advance refunding of debt, unrecognized items not yet charged to pension and OPEB expense, and contributions from the employer after the measurement date, but before the end of the employer's reporting period.

Compensated Absences

Full-time 12-month employees accrue vacation on a bi-weekly or monthly basis, depending on the applicable pay period. All unused days from prior years are carried over; however, the maximum accumulated vacation days can never exceed the current year authorization plus five days, except for the superintendent as specified per their negotiated contract. Days can be used or paid to the employee if the employee terminates employment or transfers to a position which no longer qualifies for vacation. Payment is the number of days remaining at the employee's daily rate of pay.

All full-time employees are eligible for sick leave benefit days. Days are accrued for sick leave on a semi-monthly or monthly basis depending on the applicable pay period. All unused days from prior years are carried over. Ten-month employees earn 10 days annually and twelve-month employees earn 12 days annually. Employees can carry up to a maximum balance dependent on their number of annual duty days worked and as specified per negotiated contracts.

If an employee retires through normal or early retirement, and has more than 10 sick days accrued, they are eligible to participate in the accumulated sick leave conversion program. Accumulated days are converted to a health reimbursement account or tax-sheltered annuity 403(b) on the employee's behalf at 50% of their pay rate. Employees that have a balance of 10 days or less are paid the value of their day as per the calculation above. Certificated employees that have at least 18 years of creditable service and classified employees that have at least 20 years of creditable service are eligible for the sick leave conversion program. The calculation is the same as above.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Lease liabilities represent the District's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of future lease payments expected to be made during the lease term. The present value of lease payments is discounted based on a borrowing rate determined by the District.

Subscription liabilities represent the District's obligation to make subscription payments arising from the subscription contract. Subscription liabilities are recognized at the subscription commencement date based on the present value of future subscription payments expected to be made during the subscription term. The present value of subscription payments is discounted based on a borrowing rate determined by the District.

Total OPEB Liability

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability and deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information has been determined based on the District's actuary report. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the general fund.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of OSERS and additions to/deductions from OSERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position applicable to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of amounts related to leases where the District is the lessor and is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet and the statement of net position; Deferred inflows of resources in the statement of net position also consist of the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and unrecognized items not yet charged to pension and OPEB expense are reported in the statement of net position.

Interfund Transactions

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

Transactions among District funds that would be treated as revenue and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to the District are accounted for as revenue and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.

Transactions, which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it, which are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Fund Balance

Fund balance of the District's governmental funds is classified in the financial statements as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> Consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in a spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be kept intact.
- <u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> Consists of amounts that are restricted for specific purposes. These restrictions are either 1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or by laws or regulations of other governments or 2) imposed through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- <u>Committed Fund Balance</u> Consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal actions of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specific use by taking the same type of action it used to commit those amounts. The Board of Education is the District's highest level of authority. All actions concerning approving, eliminating, or modifying of minimal fund balances will be accomplished through resolution.
- <u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> Consists of amounts that are constrained by the government intended to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority for making an assignment is not required to be the government's highest decision-making authority. Furthermore, the nature of the actions necessary to remove or modify an assignment is not as prescriptive as it is with regard to committed fund balances. The District management staff will have the overall responsibilities for monitoring these balances.
- <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> Consists of the residual classification for the general fund. The general fund is the only fund to report a positive unassigned fund balance.

The District considers that all incurred and spent restricted, committed, and assigned amounts have been utilized first before unassigned amounts are utilized.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

As defined by GASB Statement No. 54, the unassigned fund balance is equal to the amount of fund balance which is not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The unassigned fund balance for the general fund shall be maintained at a level between 10% and 20% of the prior year's expenditures of the general fund. In any instance, unassigned fund balance shall be maintained at a level which is compliant with Nebraska Revised Statute §79-1027. The purpose of the unassigned fund balance is to maintain sufficient cash flow, maintain investment grade bond ratings, offset revenue shortfalls, and provide funds for unforeseen expenditures related to emergencies.

Fund balance calculations shall be made on an annual basis and reported in the District's financial statements. Should the unassigned general fund balance as reported in the financial statements fall below the minimum 10%, the District will budget to replenish the shortfall through reducing recurring expenditures or increasing revenues within the next three year budget cycles. Should the unassigned general fund balance as reported in the financial statements exceed the maximum 20% for two consecutive years the District will consider such fund balance surplus for one-time expenditures that are nonrecurring in nature in the next available budget cycle plans. The unassigned fund balance may be expended below the minimum 10% for an extraordinary circumstance or nonrecurring emergency that the District's Board of Education authorizes. Administrative staff recommendations related to the fund balance shall occur throughout the budget development process. The annual fund balance plan is approved by the Board of Education with the annual approval of the District's budget.

Income Taxes

The Foundation, Educare, and Friends of KIOS are not-for-profit corporations as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and have received determination letters stating that they are exempt from federal income taxes on related income pursuant to Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Internal Revenue Service has established standards to be met to maintain tax exempt status.

The Foundation, Educare, and Friends of KIOS are exempt from income taxes under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. However, the Foundation, Educare, and Friends of KIOS are subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As of August 31, 2024, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. The implementation of this standard requires additional presentation and disclosure requirements for accounting changes and error corrections. The financial statements have been updated to conform to the presentation requirements related to the error correction in the financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2024. The additional disclosures required by this standard are included in Note 12.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

The Cooperative Fund, a nonmajor enterprise fund, had a deficit net position of \$363. This deficit will be eliminated through future revenues and, if necessary, transfers from other funds. No remedial action is anticipated or required by the District regarding this deficit.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Douglas County School District #0001 (Primary Government)

Nebraska Revised Statute §79-1043 provides that the District may, by and with the consent of the Board of Education of the District, invest the funds of the District in securities, including repurchase agreements, the nature of which individuals of prudence, discretion and intelligence acquire or retain in dealing with the property of another.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk is associated with the failure of a depository financial institution to recover its deposits or collateralized securities that are in the possession of outside parties. The District does not have a formal policy that addresses custodial credit risk for deposits. However, in accordance with state statutes, collateral is required for any demand deposits, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit at 102% of all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance.

Obligations that may be pledged are as follows:

- U.S. Treasury Bills, Treasury Notes, and Treasury Bonds or other United States securities guaranteed by or for which the credit of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest or dividends.
- Bonds, debentures, or other obligations issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Corporation, or Government National Mortgage Association or any other obligations of any agency controlled or supervised by and acting as an instrumentality of the United States government pursuant to authority granted by Congress of the United States whose timely payment is unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America.

As of August 31, 2024, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$77,070 and the bank balance was \$96,901. The District's deposits were secured by FDIC coverage of \$250 and pledged collateral of \$100,000.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District does not have a formal investment policy that specifically addresses credit risk.

The chart below summarizes the credit quality of the District's deposits.

	Credit Quality Distribution of Securities with Credit Exposure as a Percentage of Each Bond Fund						
	US Bank Sinking	US Bank Sinking	US Bank Bond Proceeds	US Bank Bond Proceeds	US Bank Bond Proceeds		
	QSCB 2009	QSCB 2010	GO Bonds 2020	GO Bonds 2021	GO Bonds 2022		
Percentage of Nebraska Liquid Asset Fund Percentage of State and Local Government	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%		
Securities Percentage of cash and cash equivalents	92% 8%	86% 14%	0% 100%	0% 100%	0% 0%		

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The District does not have an investment policy that specifically addresses concentrations of credit risk in a single issuer.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District's funds at August 31, 2024, contained no individual highly sensitive debt investments with exposure to interest rate changes.

The District does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help manage its exposure to fair value losses that may result from increasing interest rates. The following table summarizes the maturity concentration of the District's cash and cash equivalents.

00%

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u> – Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The District does not have a formal investment policy that specifically addresses foreign currency risk. There is no foreign currency risk in any of the District's investments.

<u>Fair Value Measurement</u> – The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District has investments in the Nebraska Liquid Asset Fund (NLAF) reported as cash and cash equivalents, which are valued at amortized cost, and investments in certificates of deposit, which are stated at cost. The remaining amount of the District's investments, including unspent bond proceeds, had the following fair value measurements at August 31, 2024:

	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments by Fair Value Level				
Common stocks	65	65	-	-
International equities	9	9	-	-
Interest earning investment contracts	2,613	-	2,613	-
U.S. Government and Treasury obligations	49,845		49,845	-
Total investments by fair value level	52,532	74	52,458	-
Cash and cash equivalents, at cost	2,662			
Total investments	55,194			

Omaha Public Schools Foundation (Blended Component Unit)

<u>Legal and Contractual Provisions</u> – The Board of Directors of the Foundation has established the investment policy of the Foundation. The investment policy emphasizes a balance of both income and growth of the principal. The Foundation can invest in equity and fixed income securities. The portfolio may consist of corporate notes, corporate bonds, mortgaged backed bonds, preferred stock, collateralized mortgage obligations, corporate debt securities, money market accounts, fixed income common trust funds, equity mutual funds, common stocks and common trust funds.

<u>Deposit Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Foundation's deposits may not be returned. The Foundation does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At August 31, 2024, the Foundation had credit risk at two banks arising from cash deposits in excess of federally insured limits. The Foundation has not incurred any loss resulting from these excess cash balances during the period under audit. The carrying value of the Foundation's deposits is \$3,074.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Foundation does not have an investment policy that specifically addresses concentrations of credit risk in a single issuer.

<u>Investment Credit Risk</u> – It is the Foundation's policy to minimize investment credit risk and to avoid extreme fluctuations in both the market value and the income from bond investments. The Foundation's investments are limited to municipal bonds, U.S. Government Agency securities and corporate bonds with a credit rating of "A" or better.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – The Foundation does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Fair Value Measurement</u> – The Foundation categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Foundation has investments in certificates of deposit, which are valued at amortized cost, with maturity dates of less than 1 year. The value of the investments in certificates of deposit are \$1,065 at August 31, 2024.

	 Total	 Level 1	L	evel 2	Le	vel 3
Investments by Fair Value Level						
Money market funds	\$ 1,804	\$ 1,804	\$	-	\$	-
Mutual funds	24,544	24,544		-		-
Common stocks	6,439	6,439		-		-
Municipal bonds	2,222	-		2,222		-
Corporate bonds	3,852	-		3,852		-
U.S. government obligations	272	-		272		-
Real estate investment trusts	842	-		842		-
Other investments	 3	 -		3		-
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 39,978	\$ 32,787	\$	7,191	\$	-

The Foundation had the following recurring fair value measurements at August 31, 2024:

Friends of KIOS (Blended Component Unit)

<u>Legal and Contractual</u> – The Board of Directors has established the investment philosophy of the Friends of KIOS. The investment philosophy emphasizes a balance of both income and growth. While the Friends of KIOS can invest in any type of investment available in the market, they have chosen to primarily follow the investment practices of the District.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – The Friends of KIOS does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. KIOS' deposits are pooled within the District's deposits, which are fully insured or collateralized as of August 31, 2023.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. KIOS does not have an investment policy that specifically addresses concentrations of credit risk in a single issuer.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>—It is the practice of Friends of KIOS to minimize credit risk and to avoid extreme fluctuations in both the market value and the income from investments. The Friends of KIOS does not have a formal policy for interest rate risk and credit risk. The Friends of KIOS currently has an investment in the Weitz Value fund. The cash composite of the fund was 3.4% of the fund balance as of August 31, 2024. The market value of the fund held by Friends of KIOS and the concentration of cash and equity securities on the fund are as follows:

	Equity Securities Cash			sh	Market value		
Weitz Fund	\$	65	\$	3	\$	68	

<u>Fair Value Measurement</u> – The Friends of KIOS uses the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP based on the valuation used to ensure fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The recurring fair value measurement for the Weitz Fund was determined using the quoted price in active markets (Level 1 inputs).

The Friends of KIOS had no other investments meeting the disclosure requirements of GASB Statement No. 72.

Educare of Omaha, Inc. (Blended Component Unit)

<u>Legal and Contractual</u> – Educare currently does not have sufficient cash flow to allow for investment opportunities to maximize income for the organization. At such time as adequate funding is available for investing, the Board of Directors will adopt an investment policy. Currently, Educare does not have a formal policy governing concentration of credit risk, investment credit risk, and interest rate risk.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the deposits may not be returned to it. Educare does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. Educare maintains its cash balances at two financial institutions located in Omaha, Nebraska. Educare, at times, maintains balances in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation limits. Management believes the risk relating to these deposits is minimal. As of December 31, 2023, the carrying amount of Educare's deposits was \$7,318 and the bank balance was \$7,302. Educare's deposits were secured by FDIC coverage of \$750.

<u>Fair Value Measurement</u> – Educare had no investments meeting the disclosure requirements of GASB Statement No. 72.

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Governmental activities capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance, as Restated (Note 12)	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in programs	\$ 61,791	\$ -	\$ - 26.464	\$ 61,791
Construction in progress	24,834	39,138	36,464	27,508
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	86,625	39,138	36,464	89,299
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Furniture Equipment Computers Software Art	1,555,439 119 35,622 89,763 38,401 4,423	36,464 - 4,598 18,198 289 -	- - 568 -	1,591,903 119 40,220 107,393 38,690 4,423
Textbooks and library books	145,317	37,474	-	182,791
Vehicles	24,930	2,525	3,110	24,345
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,894,014	99,548	3,678	1,989,884
Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Furniture Equipment Computers Software Textbooks and library books Vehicles	802,523 53 27,437 77,456 37,772 113,956 17,117	82,046 17 3,574 8,881 280 8,836 1,776	- - 568 - - 2,946	884,569 70 31,011 85,769 38,052 122,792 15,947
Total accumulated depreciation	1,076,314	105,410	3,514	1,178,210
Net capital assets being depreciated	817,700	(5,862)	164	811,674
Right-to-use leased asses being amortized Right-to-use leased building Right-to-use leased equipment	2,640 941	434 188	52	3,074 1,077
Total right-to-use leased assets being amortized	3,581	622	52	4,151
Less accumulated amortization for Right-to-use leased building Right-to-use leased equipment	1,281 539	727 392	23	2,008 908
Total accumulated amortization	1,820	1,119	23	2,916
Net right-to-use leased assets	1,761	(497)	29	1,235
Right-to-use subscription IT assets being amortized Less accumulated amortization	8,332 3,075	4,962 4,170	2,895 2,895	10,399 4,350
Net right-to-use subscription IT assets	5,257	792	-	6,049
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 911,343	Ş 33,571	Ş 36,657	Ş 908,257

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands) August 31, 2024

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental activities	
Basic instruction	\$ 10,048
Special education	227
Student services	1,078
Staff support services	942
General administration and board of education	9,373
School administration	18
Business support services	13,133
Building and grounds	1,340
Building, construction, and renovation	72,736
Student transportation	624
Community use of facilities and regular	
preschool education	808
Early childhood special education	20
Regular summer school	 352
Total depreciation/amortization expense -	
governmental activities	\$ 110,699

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands) August 31, 2024

Business-type activities capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2024, was as follows:

	ginning alance	Inc	creases	Decr	eases	Ending alance
Business-Type Activities Capital assets, not being depreciated Construction in progress	\$ 18	\$	378	\$	_	\$ 396
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings and improvements Furniture Computers Textbooks and library books	21,232 338 73 15		- 5 9 -		- - -	21,232 343 82 15
Total capital assets, being depreciated	21,658		14		-	21,672
Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Furniture Computers Textbooks and library books	2,395 337 73 15		542 - 1 -		- - -	2,937 337 74 15
Total accumulated depreciation	2,820		543		-	3,363
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	18,838		(529)		-	18,309
Right-to-use leased assets being amortized Less accumulated amortization	339 39		- 39		-	339 78
Net right-to-use leased assets	300		(39)		-	261
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 19,156	\$	(190)	\$	-	\$ 18,966

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Business-type activities	
Educare	\$ 530
Foundation	51
Nonmajor enterprise fund	 1
Total depreciation/amortization expense -	
business-type activities	\$ 582

Note 5 - Leases

Lessor Activities

The District has accrued a receivable for various leases of land and telecommunications space. The remaining receivable for these leases was \$401 for the year ended August 31, 2024. Deferred inflows related to these leases were \$417 as of August 31, 2024. Interest revenue recognized on these leases was \$24 for the year ended August 31, 2024. Principal receipts of \$404 were recognized during the fiscal year. The interest rate on the leases ranged from 3.25% - 5.50%. Final receipt is expected in fiscal year 2028.

The future principal and interest lease receipts as of August 31, 2024, for the governmental activities are as follows:

Years Ending	Governmental Activities				
August 31,	Pri	ncipal	Int	erest	
2025	\$	178	\$	12	
2026		121		7	
2027		100		2	
2028		2		-	
	\$	401	\$	21	

Lessee Activities

Governmental Activities

The District has entered into lease agreements for the use of various building spaces and office equipment. The District is required to make principal and interest payments through May 2026. The lease agreements have interest rates between 2.184% and 5.50%. For leases with no interest rate stated, the District utilized its incremental borrowing rate for valuing the lease. Governmental activities leases payable are liquidated by the General Fund and the nonmajor ESU No. 19 fund.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of August 31, 2024, for the governmental activities are as follows:

Years Ending August 31,	Pr	Governmental Activities Principal Interest				
2025 2026 2027 2028	\$	884 265 35 38	\$	33 9 2 1		
	\$	1,222	\$	45		

Business-type Activities

The Foundation has entered into a lease agreement for the use of office space. The Foundation is required to make principal and interest payments through June 2030. The lease agreement was valued using the 7-year treasury discount rate of 3.36%. The lease is liquidated by the Foundation fund.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of August 31, 2024, for the business-type activities are as follows:

Years Ending August 31,	Business-Typ Activities			
2025	\$	48		
2026		49		
2027		50		
2028		51		
2029		52		
2030		44		
Total lease payments		294		
Less interest		(28)		
	\$	266		

Note 6 - Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

The District has entered into various SBITA contracts for administrative and student learning software. The District is required to make principal and interest payments through May 2024, but the right of use asset will be through a longer period. The SBITA contracts have interest rates between 2.0237% and 3.238%. For SBITA contracts with no interest rate stated, the District utilized its incremental borrowing rate for valuing the SBITA.

Remaining principal and interest payments on subscriptions are as follows:

Years Ending	Gover	Governmental Activities					
August 31,	Pr	rincipal	Int	erest			
2025	\$	1,244	\$	68			
2026		1,025		31			
	\$	2,269	\$	99			

Note 7 - Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2024:

	Ba	eginning Ilance, as ted (Note 12)	Ac	lditions	Re	ductions		Ending Balance		e Within ne Year
Governmental Activities Bonds payable Build America Bonds	Ś	14,220	\$		\$	855	\$	13,365	\$	900
Qualified school construction bonds General obligation bonds	·	36,295 804,085	Ş	-	Ş	855 - 17,465	Ş	36,295 786,620	Ş	- - 30,410
Total bonds payable		854,600		_		18,320		836,280		31,310
Premium on bonds payable Special termination benefits Leases payable Subscription IT liabilities		55,284 304 1,835 723		- 622 4,962		4,733 278 1,235 3,416		50,551 26 1,222 2,269		4,187 26 884 1,244
	\$	912,746	\$	5,584	\$	27,982	\$	890,348	\$	37,651
Business-Type Activities Leases payable Notes payable	\$	304 9,940	\$	- 20	\$	38	\$	266 9,960	\$	48
	\$	10,244	\$	20	\$	38	\$	10,226	\$	48

Bonds Payable

At August 31, 2024, the District had the following bond issuances outstanding:

	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Ori	ginal Issue		Principal Itstanding
Governmental Activities: Build America Bonds	12/15/2024	0.99 - 6.07%	ć	22,620	ć	12 265
Build America Bonds, 2009	12/15/2034	0.99 - 0.07%	\$	22,620	\$	13,365
Qualified School Construction Bonds Qualified School Construction Bonds of 2009 Qualified School Construction Bonds of 2010	12/15/2025 12/9/2027	1.875% 6.000%	\$	17,375 18,920	\$	17,375 18,920
Total qualified school construction bonds				36,295		36,295
General Obligation Bonds General obligation refunding bonds						
series 2012A	6/1/2025	1.00 -5.00%	\$	84,175	\$	7,135
General obligation bonds, series 2015	6/1/2040	3.00 - 5.00%		141,000		141,000
General obligation bonds, series 2016	12/1/2040	3.00 - 5.00%		141,000		141,000
General obligation bonds, series 2017	12/1/2040	3.00 - 5.00%		105,470		105,470
General obligation bonds, series 2018	12/15/2043	3.125 - 5.00%		80,000		80,000
General obligation bonds, series 2020	12/15/2043	2.125 - 5.00%		125,000		125,000
General obligation refunding bonds,						
series 2020B	12/15/2024	5.00%		47,610		11,090
General obligation bonds, series 2021	12/15/2043	1.75 - 5.00%		140,000		140,000
General obligation bonds, series 2022	12/15/2043	4.00 - 5.00%		35,925		35,925
Total general obligation bonds				900,180		786,620
Total governmental activities			\$	959,095	\$	836,280

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

The qualified school construction bonds of 2009 and 2010 require annual payments to a sinking fund for retirement of the bonds in fiscal years 2026 and 2028, respectively. As of August 31, 2024, the sinking funds established to pay for the bonds at maturity had market values of \$15,542 and \$9,447, respectively.

General obligation bonds are recorded in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement and are backed by the full faith and credit of the District. These bonds are payable from the debt service funds primarily through property tax levies.

The general obligation refunding bonds, series 2012 and series 2020B, resulted in deferred amounts on refunding, reported as a deferred outflow of resources with the governmental activities on the statement of net position. Amounts are amortized on the straight-line basis over the life of the bond. Remaining unamortized balances as of August 31, 2024, are \$448 on the series 2012 bonds and \$222 on the 2020B bonds.

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands) August 31, 2024

The annual requirements to amortize the bonded debt outstanding for the governmental activities as of August 31, 2024, are as follows:

Years Ending		Build Ame	uild America Bonds			a Bonds Qualified School Construction B						
August 31,	P	rincipal	I	Interest		Principal		nterest				
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2034 2035-2039	\$	900 950 1,005 1,065 1,125 6,720 1,600	\$	769 717 660 599 535 1,550 49	\$	17,375 - - 18,920 -	\$	1,461 1,298 1,135 1,135 - -				
	\$	13,365	\$	4,879	\$	36,295	\$	5,029				
Years Ending		General Oblig	gation E	Bonds	Total Governmental Activities			ctivities				
August 31,	P	rincipal	Interest		Interest		Interest		F	Principal		nterest
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2044	\$	30,410 21,950 30,050 31,255 32,545 182,700 216,310 241,400	\$	29,437 28,029 26,737 25,213 23,627 94,332 58,873 19,927	\$	31,310 40,275 31,055 32,320 52,590 189,420 217,910 241,400	\$	31,667 30,044 28,532 26,947 24,162 95,882 58,922 19,927				
	\$	786,620	\$	306,175	\$	836,280	\$	316,083				

Premium on Bonds Payable

When bonds are issued at a premium, the premium amount is amortized over the life of the bond. Bond premiums are liquidated by the debt service fund.

Special Termination Benefits

In March 2006, the District approved a voluntary early retirement plan for employees. Eligible employees must have completed at least 18 credible years service as a full-time employee to the District, must have reached the age of 55 as of the separation date, and must be a certificated employee. The application for early retirement is subject to approval by the Board of Education. The special termination benefits under the early retirement plan was discontinued effective for the 2018-2019 school year.

Early retirement benefits will be equal to the lesser of the monthly Social Security retirement benefit that will be payable to the certificated employee at age 62 (as determined by the District as of the employee's August 31 separation date) or 25% of the certificated employee's scheduled monthly salary in the certificated employee's last full year of employment.

The policy requires early retirement benefits be paid on a monthly basis. Benefit payments will begin in the month following the employee's separation date and will continue until the employee reaches age 62 at which time they will be qualified to receive social security benefits.

At August 31, 2024, the District has obligations to five participants with a total liability of \$26. This amount represents the discounted present value of the gross benefits due to participants each year until they reach age 62. The discount rate used by the District is 4%. Actual early retirement expenditures for the year ended August 31, 2024, amounted to \$292.

Leases Payable

Leases payable consists of long-term leases as described in Note 4. Leases payable of the governmental activities are liquidated by the general fund and other nonmajor governmental funds.

Subscription IT Liabilities

Subscription IT liabilities consist of long-term leases as described in Note 5. Subscription IT liabilities of the governmental activities are liquidated by the general fund, grant fund, and other nonmajor governmental funds.

Notes Payable

Educare has federal and state qualified low-income community investment (QLICI) loans amounting to \$10,463 under the federal and state new market tax credit laws, net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$503. The proceeds were used to finance the development and construction of early learning center facilities at Kennedy elementary school and are collateralized through facility license agreements. The loans consist of interest only payments at 1.011042% through September 1, 2025. The loans are due September 23, 2048. At December 31, 2023, the unmatured balance was \$9,960.

The annual requirements to amortize the notes payable outstanding of August 31, 2024, are as follows:

	Business-Type Activities				
Years Ending August 31,	Р	rincipal	In	terest	
2025	\$	-	\$	106	
2026		101		106	
2027		407		103	
2028		411		99	
2029		416		95	
2030-2034		2,142		410	
2035-2039		2,253		300	
2040-2044		2,369		183	
2045-2049		2,364		60	
		10,463	\$	1,462	
Less unamortized issuance costs		503			
	\$	9,960			

Note 8 - Accumulated Sick Leave

The District has a mandatory plan for conversion of accumulated sick leave benefits into a supplemental retirement income benefit and/or post-retirement medical expense reimbursement program upon an employee's retirement from the District. These benefits will be funded by the District on a pay-as-you-go basis at the time of each employee's retirement. The amount of this benefit is equal to one-half of the employee's unused accumulated sick leave at the time of his/her retirement and is solely funded by the District. The District will make a determination based upon an interview with each employee prior to his or her retirement date as to which benefit will be most beneficial for the employee – (1) a tax sheltered annuity 403(b); or (2) health reimbursement account.

The District is the Plan Administrator for this program and may choose to contract with a third party administrator to manage the day-to-day activity associated with these benefits. The obligation is funded through employer contributions on an ongoing basis. This liability is primarily liquidated by the general fund, with smaller amounts liquidated by the grant fund, nonmajor governmental funds, and internal service fund.

Accumulated sick leave payable of \$29,596 is included in accrued payroll liabilities in the statement of net position.

Note 9 - Other Post-Employments Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The District is a member of the Educator's Health Alliance, the largest insurance pool in the state of Nebraska. Under the pool, the District participates in a single-employer benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees and their spouses. Each employer in the pool is funded through a separate insurance contract. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

OPEB Benefits

Individuals who are employed by the District and have participated in the group health plan for at least five years prior to retirement are eligible to continue healthcare benefits upon retirement. Retirees under age 65 pay the District's established premiums for the elected medical and prescription drug benefits coverage. The District does not provide any rate subsidies for the retirees electing coverage as the premiums for retirees is slightly different than premiums for active employees, however, the health insurance coverage terms are the same as coverage for active employees, which results in an implicit rate subsidy and an OPEB liability. Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

At August 31, 2024, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	169
Active employees	6,793
Total	6,962

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$20,850 was measured as of August 31, 2024, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and the entry age normal level percent of pay cost method, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

2.25% per annum
3.25%, average, including inflation
3.87% per annum
7.20% per annum, grading to 5.00% over 4 years

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.87% based on the yield for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher, which reflects the High Quality 20 Year Tax-Exempt G.O. Bond Rate as of the measurement date.

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Members (Median) Employee Mortality Table projected generationally using the NPERS projection scale.

Post-retirement mortality rates for retirees were based on the Pub-2010 General Members (Median) Retiree Morality Table projected generationally using the NPERS projection scale.

Post-retirement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 General Members (Median) Contingent Survivor Mortality Table projected generationally using the NPERS projection scale.

Post-disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, without generational improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the August 31, 2023, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study with dates corresponding to those listed above.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at August 31, 2023	\$ 19,766
Changes from the Prior Year:	
Service cost Interest cost Changes in assumptions Benefit payments	 1,182 739 (102) (735)
Total Net Changes	 1,084
Balance at August 31, 2024	\$ 20,850

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (2.87%) or 1% higher (4.87%) than the current discount rate.

	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase	
	(2.87%)		Rate (3.87%)		(4.87%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	22,611	\$	20,850	\$	19,200

Sensitivity of the District's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (6.20%, grading to 4.00% over the next 4 years) or 1% higher (8.20%, grading to 6.00% over the next 4 years) than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

	Healthcare Cost							
	1%	Decrease	Tre	end Rate	1%	Increase		
	(6.20%, grading to 4.00% over the next 4 years)		(7.20%, grading to 5.00% over the next 4 years)		(8.20%, grading to 6.00% over the next 4 years)			
Total OPEB liability	\$	17,366	\$	20,850	\$	22,632		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended August 31, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,422. At August 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			eferred nflows esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,787	\$	6,159
Changes of assumptions		1,536		3,544
	\$	3,323	\$	9,703

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

2025	\$ (499)
2026	(499)
2027	(499)
2028	(499)
2029	(499)
Thereafter	(3,885)

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Retirement Plan

Plan Description

The employees of the District are covered by Omaha School Employees' Retirement System (OSERS). OSERS is a single employer defined benefit retirement plan.

OSERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for OSERS. That report may be obtained by contacting the Omaha School Employees' Retirement System by e-mail at <u>osers@ops.org</u>, by phone at 531-299-0329, or by mail at 3215 Cuming Street, Omaha, NE 68131-2024.

Membership Information

Membership consisted of the following as of January 1, 2024, the valuation date used to measure the total pension liability at August 31, 2024:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	5,340
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1,539
Inactive nonvested members entitled to refund of contributions	1,476
Active plan members	6,712
	15,067

Contributions

Employees of the District are required to contribute 9.78% of their annual salary to OSERS. Neb. Rev. Stat. §79-9,113 (1)(d) (Cum. Supp. 2022) provides that contributions by the District in any fiscal year shall be the greater of 101% of employee contributions, or 9.8778% of member salaries, or the actuarial determined contribution rate to maintain the solvency of OSERS.

For the year ended August 31, 2024, the actuarial determined contribution resulted in an additional required contribution of \$33,686. Total additional contributions made by the District during the year ended August 31, 2024, amounted to \$45,482. The State of Nebraska also contributes 2% of employees' compensation.

For the fiscal year ending August 31, 2024, total contributions by the District to OSERS, including the additional amounts to maintain solvency, amounted to \$90,295.

Benefits Provided

Each employee who has completed five or more years of creditable service is eligible to elect a deferred vested service annuity in lieu of a refund of accumulated contributions. OSERS provides for various benefits including normal retirement benefits, early retirement benefits, disability benefits, and pre-retirement and post-retirement survivor benefits. These benefits are paid monthly from OSERS.

For members hired prior to July 1, 2013, the benefits under OSERS are based on an average of the highest three years of salary earned by employees during their employment with the District, up to their normal retirement dates.

For members hired on or after July 1, 2013, the benefits under OSERS are based on an average of the highest five years of salary earned by employees during their employment with the District, up to their normal retirement dates. Employees who terminate employment with fewer than five years of creditable service can elect to receive a refund or a rollover of the employee's contributions, plus accrued interest.

For members hired prior to July 1, 2013, retirement benefits are increased by an annual, automatic cost of living adjustment of 1.5% or the increase in the consumer price index (CPI), whichever is lower.

For members hired on or after July 1, 2013, retirement benefits are increased by an annual, automatic cost of living adjustment of 1.0% or the increase in the CPI, whichever is lower. Following ten full years of retirement, a medical cost of living supplement is paid. This supplement equals \$10 per month for each year retired and increases by \$10 each year to a maximum of \$250 per month.

For retirees with less than twenty years of service, the benefit is reduced proportionately. No state service annuity or medical COLA is provided for members hired on or after July 1, 2016.

Retirement eligibility rules for OSERS members are based on the member's date of hire in accordance with Neb. Rev. Stat. §72-978 to §79-9,124 (Reissue 2014, Cum. Supp. 2022) known as the Class V School Employees Retirement Act.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of January 1, 2024, using standard actuarial formulae and the following key actuarial assumptions:

Price inflation	2.55%
Wage inflation	3.05%
Long-term rate of return	7.20%
Municipal bond index rate	3.38%
Single equivalent interest rate	7.20%
Salary increases	3.05 - 6.45%
Cost of living adjustments	1.50% for members hired before July 1, 2013
	1.00% for members hired after July 1, 2013
	Medical COLA of \$10/month for each year retired (max
	of \$250/month), if hired before July 1, 2016

Pre-retirement mortality rates for retirees were based on the Pub-2010 General Members (Median) Employee Mortality Table projected generationally using NPERS projection scale. Post-retirement mortality rates for retirees were based on the Pub-2010 General Members (Median) Retiree Mortality Table projected generationally using NPERS projection scale. Post-retirement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 General Members (Median) Contingent Survivor Mortality Table projected generationally using NPERS projection scale. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, without generational improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2024, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated December 6, 2021, which covered the four year period ending December 31, 2020.

Information relating to the discount rate used in the actuarial valuations is as follows:

<u>Discount rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at December, 31, 2023 was 7.20%. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at August 31, 2022, was 7.30%.

<u>Projected cash flows</u> – The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan contributions from members, the District, and the state of Nebraska will be made at the current contribution rates as set out in state statute:

- Employee contribution rate: 9.78% of compensation.
- District contribution rate: 101% of the employee contribution rate. In addition, if the statutory contribution rate is less than the actuarial determined contribution, the District will contribute the difference.
- State contribution rate: 2% of the members' compensation.
- Administrative expenses for the current and future years were assigned to be 0.24% of the proportionate share of covered payroll.

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands) August 31, 2024

Based on those assumptions, OSERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current OSERS' members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.20% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The fiduciary net position projections are based upon OSERS' financial status on the measurement date, the indicated set of methods and assumptions, and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68. As such, the fiduciary net position projections are not reflective of the cash flows and asset accumulations that would occur on an ongoing plan basis, reflecting the impact of future members. Therefore, the results of this test do not necessarily indicate whether or not the fund will actually run out of money, the financial condition of OSERS, or OSERS' ability to make benefit payments in future years.

Long-Term Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared periodically. The most recent analysis was performed, and results were included, in a report dated December 6, 2021. Generally, several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and an analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation), along with estimates of variability and correlations for each asset class, were developed by OSERS' investment consultant. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant may cover a shorter investment horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption (30 to 50 years) and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the long-term inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

<u>Municipal bond rate</u> – A municipal bond rate was not used in determining the discount rate. If it were required, the rate would be 3.38% on the measurement date.

<u>Periods of projected benefit payments</u> – Projected future benefit payments for all current OSERS members were projected through 2123.

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands) August 31, 2024

<u>Assumed asset allocation</u> – The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as provided by OSERS' investment consultant for the last experience study, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return			
U.S. Equity	27.0%	4.3%			
Non-U.S. Equity	11.5%	5.3%			
Global Equity	19.0%	4.9%			
Fixed Income	30.0%	1.1%			
Private equity	5.0%	6.6%			
Real Estate	7.5%	3.9%			
Totals	100.0%				

<u>Sensitivity analysis</u> – The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.20%, as well as the net pension liability calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.20%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.20%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase	
	(6.20%)		Rate (7.20%)		(8.20%)	
Net pension liability	\$	1,204,659	\$	1,086,069	\$	1,080,049

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Omaha School Employees' Retirement System financial report.

Net Pension Liability and Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	То	tal Pension Liability		an Fiduciary et Position	Ν	let Pension Liability
	(a)		(b)			(a) - (b)
Balances at August 31, 2023	\$	2,626,546	\$	1,421,887	\$	1,204,659
Changes from the Prior Year						
Service cost		50,891		-		50,891
Interest cost		186,150		-		186,150
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		23,033		-		23,033
Changes of assumptions		29,221		-		29,221
Contributions - employer		-		77,762		(77,762)
Contributions - member		-		42,900		(42,900)
Net investment income		-		184,823		(184,823)
Benefit payments		(155,840)		(155 <i>,</i> 840)		-
Administrative expense		-		(903)		903
Other		-		1,851		(1,851)
Net Changes		133,455		158,391		(24,936)
Balances at August 31, 2024	\$	2,760,001	\$	1,580,278	\$	1,179,723

OSERS has a special funding situation, in which, by statute, the State of Nebraska contributes 2.0% of members' compensation to fund the benefits provided by OSERS. At August 31, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$1,057,692 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as January 1, 2024. A 30-year projection of contributions discounted back to the measurement date using the current year measurement period discount rate was utilized to determine the ratio of the present value of future contributions. This was used as the basis for determining the employer proportionate share of the collective pension amount as it represents the long-term contribution effort to OSERS. At the December 31, 2023, measurement date, the District's proportionate share was 89.655962%, a decrease of 0.499747%. The State of Nebraska's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability amounted to \$122,031. At the December 31, 2023, measurement date, the State's proportionate share was 10.344038%. The District recognized revenue in the amount of \$14,019 for the support provided by the State of Nebraska.

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Notes to Financial Statements

(Dollars in thousands) August 31, 2024

Douglas County School District #0001 State of Nebraska	\$ 1,057,692 122,031
Total net pension liability	\$ 1,179,723

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended August 31, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$135,529. At August 31, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	eferred outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension					
plan investments	\$	21,619	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions		34,628		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		67,411		2,300	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions		8,500		6,741	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		77,525		-	
Total	\$	209,683	\$	9,041	

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions included \$77,525 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended August 31, 2025. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended August 31,	Pe	Pension Expense			
2025	\$	30,579			
2026		46,422			
2027		48,044			
2028		(2,241)			
2029		313			

Payable to the Pension Plan

At August 31, 2024, the District reported a payable of \$3,192 for the outstanding amount of legally required District contributions for August 2024 and \$3,224 for legally required employee contributions withheld from employee wages which had not yet been remitted to OSERS.

Note 11 - Interfund Activity

Interfund receivables/payables are used when a fund has a cash deficit, as well as for other short-term amounts owed between funds.

		Due from:									
	Special Building Fund		Grant Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Other Business-type Activities Funds		Total		
Due to: General Fund Grant Fund	\$	820 -	\$	87,746 -	\$	67 -	\$	1 400	\$	88,634 400	
	\$	820	\$	87,746	\$	67	\$	401	\$	89,034	

Note 12 - Fund Balances

The District classified fund balances within the governmental funds as follows at August 31, 2024:

	General Fund	Special Building Fund	Grant Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Fund Balances Nonspendable Inventory Prepaid items	\$	\$ - -	\$ - 3,060	\$ - -	\$	\$
Total nonspendable	8,858		3,060		1,180	13,098
Restricted Debt service Capital projects Grants Qualified purpose ESU No. 19	- - - -	32,929	- - 7,439 -	49,241 - - - -	- - 29,678 312	49,241 32,929 7,439 29,678 312
Total restricted		32,929	7,439	49,241	29,990	119,599
Committed KIOS Subsequent school year Total committed	- 60,352 60,352				223	223 60,352 60,575
Assigned ESU No. 19 School activity Student fees Central office and school			- - -	- - -	12,122 3,015 40	12,122 3,015 40
support	1,229	-		-	-	1,229
Total assigned	1,229				15,177	16,406
Unassigned	121,629					121,629
Total Fund Balances	\$ 192,068	\$ 32,929	\$ 10,499	\$ 49,241	\$ 46,570	\$ 331,307

The fund balance percentage for the General Fund is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Financial Statements Unassigned Fund Balance as a Percentage of Total General Fund Expenditures	Regulatory Fund Balance as a Percentage of Total General Fund Expenditures
2024	17.49%	14.38%
2023	19.57%	6.71%
2022	15.92%	14.10%

Note 13 - Correction of Error

During fiscal year 2024, the District determined that there were certain errors in amounts previously reported in the 2023 financial statements resulting in a restatement of the beginning net position. The corrections related to an overstatement of right-of-use leased assets and related accumulated amortization and an understatement of subscription IT liabilities and right-of-use subscription IT assets and related accumulated amortization.

Beginning net position was restated as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
Net position (deficit) at August 31, 2023, as previously reported	\$	(446,739)		
Correct overstatement of right-of-use leased assets at August 31, 2023		(1,828)		
Correct overstatement of right-of-use leased assets accumulated amortization at August 31, 2023		1,941		
Correct understatement of right-of-use subscription IT assets at August 31, 2023		1,647		
Correct understatement of right-of-use subscription IT assets accumulated amortization at August 31, 2023		(409)		
Correct understatement of subscription IT liabilities at August 31, 2023		(718)		
Net position (deficit) at September 1, 2023, as restated	\$	(446,106)		

If these amounts had been properly recorded in the prior year, the change in net position would have been adjusted as follows for the year ended August 31, 2023:

	Governmental Activities			
Change in net position (deficit) at August 31, 2023, as previously reported	\$	(94,362)		
Correct overstatement of right-of-use leased assets at August 31, 2023		(1,828)		
Correct overstatement of right-of-use leased assets accumulated amortization at August 31, 2023		1,941		
Correct understatement of right-of-use subscription IT assets at August 31, 2023		1,647		
Correct understatement of right-of-use subscription IT assets accumulated amortization at August 31, 2023		(409)		
Correct understatement of subscription IT liabilities at August 31, 2023		(718)		
Change in net position (deficit) at August 31, 2023, as restated	\$	(93,729)		

Note 14 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District carries commercial insurance for risks of loss including workers' compensation. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The District contracts with reputable carriers for various insurance coverages and has purchased an excess liability coverage insurance policy covering individual claims in excess of \$1,000,000 and retains the risk of loss for individual claims below \$1,000,000. The District has established four separate funds to address the payment of claims that are less than the deductible amounts. Actual claims paid from these funds did not exceed the District's expectations during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024.

Note 15 - Litigation

The District is involved in litigation and regulatory investigations arising in the normal course of business. After consultation with legal counsel, management estimates these matters will be resolved without any further material adverse effect on the District's future financial position or changes in financial position.

Note 16 - Commitments and Contingencies

Grants and Grants Receivable

Amounts received or receivables from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time.

Construction Commitments

The District has entered into various ongoing construction contracts amounting to approximately \$26,093 for the construction of new school facilities and renovation and improvement to existing facilities. The District has commitments of approximately \$2,240 remaining on various ongoing construction contracts at August 31, 2024.

Note 17 - Tax Abatements

GASB Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

Property tax revenues of the District were reduced by the following amounts for the year ended August 31, 2024, under agreements entered into by the following entities:

Entity	Tax Abatement Program		Am	Amount		
City of Omaha City of Bellevue	•		5	17,481 148		
		ç	5	17,629		

Note 18 - Subsequent Events

Subsequent to year end, the District has entered into certain construction commitments for several remodeling and renovation projects in existing buildings. Total construction commitments entered into amount to approximately \$3,884 and are expected to be completed tin the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

Required Supplementary Information August 31, 2024 Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska

Omaha, Nebraska

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual General Fund (Dollars in thousands)

Functior	<u>1</u>	 Final Adopted Budget	nsfers (Out)	Revised Budget		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget	
	FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$ 178,123	\$ -	\$	178,123	\$	178,123	\$	-
	RECEIPTS								
	Local Sources								
	Taxes								
1110	Property taxes - general purpose	316,959	-		316,959		275,998		(40,961)
1111	Property taxes - learning community	-	-		-		20		20
1115	Carline tax	80	-		80		66		(14)
1120	Public power district sales tax	5,000	-		5,000		4,855		(145)
1125	Motor vehicle taxes	29,000	-		29,000		27,263		(1,737)
1260	Adult education tuition and fees	-	-		-		41		41
1410	Interest	1,200	-		1,200		7,081		5,881
1610	Local license fees and fines	-					3		3
1620	Police court fines	900	-		900		1,035		135
1910	Rental of school facilities	360	-		360		395		35
1925	Categorical grants from corporations Total local sources	 353,499	 -		353,499		73 316,830		73
	Total local sources	 353,499	 -		353,499		310,830		(36,669)
	County Sources								
2110	County fines and license fees	1,500	-		1,500		1,346		(154)
2110	county mice and neerise rees	 1,500	 <u> </u>		1,500		1,510		(134)
	State Sources								
3110	State aid	285,176	-		285,176		285,036		(140)
3120	Special education	50,000	-		50,000		48,329		(1,671)
3125	Special education transportation	7,600	-		7,600		14,389		6,789
3130	Homestead exemption	-	-		-		11,708		11,708
3131	Property tax credit	-	-		-		14,588		14,588
3180	Pro-rate motor vehicle	400	-		400		609		209
3200	State apportionment	8,000	-		8,000		10,449		2,449
3990	Other state receipts	-	-		-		25		25
	Total state sources	351,176	 -		351,176		385,133		33,957
		 	 		<u> </u>				
	Federal sources								
4450	Medicaid in public schools	200	-		200		-		(200)
4690	Other federal non-categorical	-	-		-		-		-
4850	Universal service fund	-	-		-		688		688
4990	Other federal categorical receipts	 500	 -		500		654		154
	Total federal sources	 700	-		700		1,342		642
	Nonrevenue receipts								
5400	Sale of property	485	-		485		1,684		1,199
5690	Other nonrevenue receipts	 7,100	 -		7,100		10,191		3,091
	Total nonrevenue receipts	 7,585	 -		7,585		11,875		4,290
	Total receipte	714 460			714 400		716 526		2.000
	Total receipts	 714,460	 -		714,460		716,526		2,066

Omaha, Nebraska

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual General Fund (Dollars in thousands)

Function	_	Final Adopted Budget	Transfers In (Out)	Revised Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget
	DISBURSEMENTS					
1100	Regular instruction	340,815	(5,875)	334,940	310,692	24,248
1200	Special education Support services	83,806	640	84,446	85,043	(597)
2100	Pupils	44,663	1,553	46,216	48,085	(1,869)
2200	Staff	19,708	342	20,050	20,203	(153)
2520	Vehicle acquisition and maintenance	529	-	529	465	64
2600	Maintenance and operation of					
	building/plant	70,060	2,007	72,067	74,083	(2,016)
2750	Regular pupil transportation	22,602	(400)	22,202	14,585	7,617
2760	Special education pupil transportation	19,231	-	19,231	19,976	(745)
	General and administrative					
2310	Board of education	1,878	69	1,947	1,683	264
2320	Executive administration	16,897	915	17,812	17,959	(147)
2400	Office of the principal	43,796	382	44,178	49,161	(4,983)
2510	Business services	41,546	59	41,605	28,044	13,561
3000	State programs	4,748	(740)	4,008	4,249	(241)
4000	Federal programs	2,055	-	2,055	2,076	(21)
6000	Summer school	13,344	1,048	14,392	15,404	(1,012)
7000	Adult education	222	-	222	203	19
5000	Debt service	1,100		1,100	717	383
	Total disbursements	727,000		727,000	692,628	34,372
	(DEFICIENCY) EXCESS OF RECEIPTS					
	(UNDER) OVER DISBURSEMENTS	(12,540)	-	(12,540)	23,898	36,438
	FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 165,583	\$-	\$ 165,583	\$ 202,021	\$ 36,438
	ANALYSIS OF FUND BALANCE					
	Cash and cash equivalents				\$ 115,306	
	Receivables				86,836	
	Prepaids				84	
	Inventory and other debits				4,908	
	Payables				(5,113)	
	-					
					\$ 202,021	

Omaha, Nebraska

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Grants Fund (Dollars in thousands)

Functior	<u>1</u>	А	Final dopted Budget	levised Budget	Bu	l Amounts dgetary Basis	ance With al Budget
	FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$	(9,009)	\$ (9,009)	\$	(9,009)	\$ -
	RECEIPTS						
	Local Sources						
1410	Interest		-	-		1,218	1,218
1925	Categorical grants from corporations		17,500	 17,500		2,322	 (15,178)
	Total local sources		17,500	 17,500		3,540	 (13,960)
	State Sources						
3135	High-ability learners		500	500		341	(159)
3155	Textbook loan		-	-		238	238
3540	State early childhood		1,210	 1,210		1,153	 (57)
	Total state sources		1,710	 1,710		1,732	 22
	Federal sources						
4200	Title I		32,136	32,136		11,578	(20,558)
4300	Title II		2,762	2,762		1,662	(1,100)
4400	IDEA		13,548	13,548		24,257	10,709
4450	Medicaid in public schools		-	-		1,774	1,774
4455	Medicaid administrative activities		5,500	5,500		725	(4,775)
4700	Federal vocational and applied						
	technology ed		1,058	1,058		1,615	557
4910	Indian education		213	213		213	-
4915	Title I, Part C		961	961		1,455	494
4925	Title III, Part A		1,608	1,608		964	(644)
4940	Head Start		9,000	9,000		10,770	1,770
4990	Other federal categorical receipts		199,755	 199,755		92,848	 (106,907)
	Total federal sources		266,541	 266,541		147,861	(118,680)
	Nonrevenue receipts						
5690	Other nonrevenue receipts		-	 -		20	 20
	Total receipts		285,751	 285,751		153,153	 (132,598)

Omaha, Nebraska

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual **Grants Fund** (Dollars in thousands)

		Final		Actual Amounts	
		Adopted	Revised	Budgetary	Variance With
Functior	1	Budget	Budget	Basis	Final Budget
	_				
	DISBURSEMENTS				
1100	Regular instruction	125,587	125,587	94,978	30,609
1200	Special education	4,921	4,921	5,526	(605)
	Support services				
2100	Pupils	11,681	11,681	11,515	166
2200	Staff	45,639	45,639	41,636	4,003
2591	Building and sites	1,110	1,110	373	737
2600	Maintenance and operation of				
	building/plant	29,038	29,038	26,369	2,669
	General and administrative				
2320	Executive administration	23,485	23,485	9,191	14,294
2510	Business services	50	50	235	(185)
3000	State programs	20,144	20,144	16,844	3,300
4000	Federal programs	13,169	13,169	15,581	(2,412)
6000	Summer school	10,488	10,488	17	10,471
7000	Adult education	439	439	451	(12)
	-	205 754	205 754	222 74 6	62.025
	Total disbursements	285,751	285,751	222,716	63,035
	DEFICIENCY OF RECEIPTS				
	UNDER DISBURSEMENTS	-	-	(69,563)	(69,563)
	0			(00)0007	(00)0007
	FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ (9,009)	\$ (9,009)	\$ (78,572)	\$ (69,563)
	ANALYSIS OF FUND BALANCE				
	Cash and cash equivalents			\$ 3,727	
	Receivables			37,909	
	Payables			(120,208)	
	i ayabica			(120,200)	
				\$ (78,572)	

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Notes to the Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Dollars in thousands) August 31, 2024

The accompanying schedule of receipts, expenditures and change in fund balance budget to actual, presents comparison of legally adopted budget in accordance with the budget process in Note 1 with actual data on the cash basis of accounting. Because accounting principles applied for the purpose of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with GAAP, a reconciliation of the resultant basis, timing, perspective, and entity deficiencies in revenue or expenses for the year ended August 31, 2024, are presented below.

General Fund

Excess of receipts over disbursements (budgetary basis) Adjustments	\$	23,898
Record change in cash and cash equivalents		30
Record change in receivables		15,147
Record change in inventories		(248)
Record change in prepaids		726
Record change in payables		(1,260)
Change in fund balance (GAAP basis)	Ś	38,293
	-	00)200
Grant Fund		
Deficiency of receipts under disbursements (budgetary basis) Adjustments	\$	(69,563)
Record change in receivables		10,722
Record change in prepaids		1,936
Record change in payables		56,637
Record change in unavailable revenue		3,335
Change in fund balance (GAAP basis)	\$	3,067

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Dollars in thousands)

August 31, 2024

	 2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	
Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments	\$ 1,182 739 (102) - (735)	\$	1,556 937 (7,217) (1,087) - (1,082)	\$	1,934 597 - (3,278) (1,069)	\$	1,188 823 2,583 2,219 (1,313) (1,080)	\$	1,202 839 - - - (742)	\$	1,254 796 - - - (785)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,084		(6,893)		(1,816)		4,420		1,299		1,265	
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 19,766		26,659		28,475		24,055		22,756		21,491	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 20,850	\$	19,766	\$	26,659	\$	28,475	\$	24,055	\$	22,756	
Covered payroll	\$ 467,905	\$	452,374	\$	408,402	\$	393,199	\$	381,090	\$	382,977	
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	4.46%		4.37%		6.53%		7.24%		6.31%		5.94%	

*GASB Statements No. 74/75 require ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Notes to the Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Changes in benefit terms:

• There were no significant changes in benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions:

• Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period.

Year ended August 31, 2024	3.87%
Year ended August 31, 2023	3.81%
Year ended August 31, 2022	3.59%
Year ended August 31, 2021	2.14%
Year ended August 31, 2020	3.50%

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Dollars in thousands) August 31, 2024

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2023	2022*	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Difference between expected	\$	\$	\$ 46,029 168,343	\$ 43,490 163,027	\$ 42,354 159,150	\$	\$	\$	\$ 38,242 133,950	\$
and actual experience Changes of assumption Other	23,033 29,221 -	60,409 24,793	45,177 - 2,290	2,015 _ 1,808	(17,657) - 1,992	19,474 - 1,832	26,757 141,348 2,088	7,104 - 1,946	(2,960) - 2,920	2,276
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(155,840)	(200,566)	(142,546)	(136,485)	(131,896)	(125,272)	(118,997)	(113,106)	(106,735)	(100,810)
Net change in total pension liability	133,455	192,700	119,293	73,855	53,943	86,634	233,665	74,328	65,417	66,424
Beginning of year	2,626,546	2,433,846	2,314,553	2,240,698	2,186,755	2,100,121	1,866,456	1,792,128	1,726,711	1,660,287
End of year	\$ 2,760,001	\$ 2,626,546	\$ 2,433,846	\$ 2,314,553	\$ 2,240,698	\$ 2,186,755	\$ 2,100,121	\$ 1,866,456	\$ 1,792,128	\$ 1,726,711
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - state Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense Other	\$ 77,762 7,798 42,900 184,823 (155,840) (903) 1,851	\$ 83,341 7,534 53,324 (157,714) (200,566) (1,155) 3,382	\$ 61,411 7,290 36,891 290,971 (142,546) (952) 2,289	\$ 57,033 7,302 35,295 118,829 (136,485) (890) 1,841	\$ 57,267 7,420 35,614 32,447 (131,896) (1,087) 2,012	\$ 55,564 7,111 36,327 85,795 (125,272) (867) 1,844	\$ 47,981 6,897 34,883 73,217 (118,997) (1,384) 2,090	\$ 33,903 6,661 33,764 15,375 (113,106) (1,290) 2,082	\$ 33,109 6,453 32,584 (51,214) (106,735) (814) 3,002	\$ 31,913 6,285 31,597 153,982 (100,810) (897) 2,305
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	158,391	(211,854)	255,354	82,925	1,777	60,502	44,687	(22,611)	(83,615)	124,375
Beginning of year	1,421,887	1,633,741	1,378,387	1,295,462	1,293,685	1,233,183	1,188,496	1,211,107	1,294,722	1,170,347
End of year	\$ 1,580,278	\$ 1,421,887	\$ 1,633,741	\$ 1,378,387	\$ 1,295,462	\$ 1,293,685	\$ 1,233,183	\$ 1,188,496	\$ 1,211,107	\$ 1,294,722
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,179,723	\$ 1,204,659	\$ 800,105	\$ 936,166	\$ 945,236	\$ 893,070	\$ 866,938	\$ 677,960	\$ 581,021	\$ 431,989

* The measurement date was changed from 8/31 to 12/31 starting with year 2022.

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Schedule of Employer Contributions (Dollars in thousands) August 31, 2024

Schedule of Employer Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2024	 2023*	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) Contributions in relation to the ADC	\$ 78,499	\$ 72,213	\$ 61,457	\$ 59,466	\$ 55,501	\$ 54,211	\$ 55,526	\$ 50,777	\$ 31,245	\$ 28,161
Employer statutory Employer additional	 44,813 45,482	 42,781 34,432	 39,655 29,483	 37,266 24,145	 35,676 21,357	 35,967 21,300	 36,664 18,900	 35,231 12,750	 33,903 -	 33,109 -
Total contributions	 90,295	 77,213	 69,138	 61,411	 57,033	 57,267	 55,564	 47,981	 33,903	 33,109
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (11,796)	\$ (5,000)	\$ (7,681)	\$ (1,945)	\$ (1,532)	\$ (3,056)	\$ (38)	\$ 2,796	\$ (2,658)	\$ (4,948)
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 453,673	\$ 433,105	\$ 401,451	\$ 377,207	\$ 360,891	\$ 364,154	\$ 371,440	\$ 356,676	\$ 345,231	\$ 333,166
Contributions as a Percent of Covered Payroll	19.90%	17.83%	17.22%	16.28%	15.80%	15.73%	14.96%	13.45%	9.82%	9.94%

* The measurement date was changed from 8/31 to 12/31 starting with year 2022.

Notes to the Schedules

Changes of Benefit and Funding Terms

The following changes to the Plan provisions were made by the Nebraska Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of September 1 (January 1 starting in 2017) listed below:

2022: The 2021 session of the Nebraska Legislature enacted Legislative Bill 147 (LB 147), which modified the eligibility requirements to participate in the System. Employees who are contracted for less than 30 hours per week are eligible to participate in the System if they average more than 30 hours per week during any three calendar months of a fiscal year. No census data was received to allow quantification of the impact of LB 147 on the January 1, 2022 valuation

2018: The 2017 session of the Nebraska Legislature enacted Legislative Bill 415 (LB415), which changed the retirement provisions for members hired on or after July 1, 2018 to match the School Employees Retirement System of the State of Nebraska. Retirement eligibility for members hired on or after July 1, 2018 is set at age 60 with 85 points (age plus service) or age 60 with five years of service. Benefits are unreduced at age 60 with 85 points. Early retirement eligibility is age 60 with five years of service. No medical COLA is provided for members hired on or after July 1, 2018.

The 2018 session of the Nebraska Legislature enacted Legislative Bill 1005 (LB 1005), which states that the District must contribute an amount equal to or greater than the actuarially required contribution rate provided in the most recent valuation report.

2017: The 2016 session of the Nebraska Legislature enacted Legislative Bill 447 (LB 447), which changed the retirement provisions for members hired on or after July 1, 2016 to match the School Employees Retirement System of the State of Nebraska. Retirement eligibility for members hired on or after July 1, 2016 is set at 35 years of services, age 55 with 85 points (age plus service) or age 60 with five years of service. Benefits are unreduced with 35 years of service or at age 55 with 85 points. Early retirement eligibility is age 60 with five years of service. No medical COLA is provided for members hired on or after July 1, 2016.

2013: The 2013 session of the Nebraska legislature enacted Legislative Bill 553 (LB 553), which increased the member's contribution rate from 9.3% of pay to 9.78% of pay. The District's contribution rate is equal to 101% of the employee contribution rate so the District's contribution rate increased from 9.393% of pay to 9.878% of pay. The State contribution rate also increased permanently from 1% (plus \$973,301) to 2% of payroll, effective July 1, 2014. LB 553 also created a new benefit structure for members hired on or after July 1, 2013 with the same benefit structure as pre-July 1, 2013 hires except annual cost of living adjustments are the lesser of 1% or CPI and final average compensation is defined as 1/60 of the total compensation received during the five fiscal years of highest compensation.

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Notes to the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of Employer Contributions (Dollars in thousands) August 31, 2024

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

1/1/2024 valuation:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.30% to 7.20%.
- The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.60% to 2.55%.
- The assumed interest rate credited on employee contributions was lowered from 2.60% to 2.55%.
- The general wage increase assumption was lowered from 3.10% to 3.05%.

1/1/2023 valuation:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.40% to 7.30%.
- The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.70% to 2.60%.
- The assumed interest rate credited on employee contributions was lowered from 2.70% to 2.60%.
- The general wage increase assumption was lowered from 3.20% to 3.10%.

1/1/2022 valuation:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.50% to 7.40%.
- The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.70%.
- The assumed interest rate credited on employee contributions was lowered from 2.75% to 2.70%.
- The general wage increase assumption was lowered from 3.25% to 3.20%.
- The mortality assumption was changed to the Pub-2010 General Members (Median) Mortality Tables with generational mortality improvements modeled using the NPERS projection scale. No generational mortality improvement is reflected for disabled members.
- Retirement rates were modified for both Certificated and Classified employees.
- Termination rates were modified for both Certificated and Classified employees.
- The probability of a vested member electing a refund upon termination was adjusted for both Certificated and Classified members and is now based on years of service.
- The active member marriage assumption was reduced from 100% to 85%.
- The salary increase assumption was changed to reflect the lower general wage inflation, and the merit salary scale was adjusted to better reflect observed experience.
- An explicit assumption for administrative expenses was adopted as a component of the actuarial contribution rate and was set to 0.24% of pay.
- The amortization period for future amortization bases was reduced from 30 to 25 years.

1/1/2019 valuation:

• The amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was changed to reset the legacy UAAL over a 30 year period beginning January 9, 2019. New layers of UAAL that occur in the future are also amortized over a new 30-year periods beginning on the valuation date.

1/1/2017 valuation:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 8% to 7.5%.
- The inflation assumption was lowered from 3% to 2.75%.
- The assumed interest rate credited on employee contributions was lowered from 3% to 2.75%.
- The general wage increase assumption was lowered from 4% to 3.25%.
- The mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 Mortality Table, with a one-year age set forward for males and a one-year age setback from females. Generational mortality improvements are modeled using the MP-2016 scale.
- Retirement rates were modified for both certificated and classified employees.
- The probability of electing a refund at termination was modified for classified employees.
- Termination rates for certificated employees were changed to be the same regardless of gender, and are purely service-based for both certificated and classified employees.
- The salary increase assumption was changed to a service-based assumption for both certificated and classified employees.
- The amortization of the UAAL was changed to a "layered" approach with new pieces of UAAL amortized over a 25-year period beginning on the valuation date. The legacy UAAL continues to be amortized on its current schedule.
- The valuation date changed from September 1 to January 1.

9/1/2013 valuation:

- The one-year age set forward in mortality rates for active male employees was eliminated.
- Classified members' retirement rates were adjusted.
- Vested certificated members' assumption to elect a refund of contributions was adjusted at certain ages.
- The assumed interest rate credited on member contribution accounts was lowered from 7% to 3%.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions:

OSERS is funded by statutory contribution rates for members, the District and the state of Nebraska. If the statutory contribution rate is less than the Actuarially Determined Contributions, the School District will contribute the difference. The Actuarially Determined Contributions in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution reported for the most recent Measurement Date, December 31, 2023 (based on the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation).

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period	Entry age normal Level percentage of payroll, closed Layered basis with the Legacy base amortized over a closed 30-year period beginning January 1, 2019. Subsequent bases established prior to January 1, 2022, are amortized over a closed 30-year period beginning on the valuation date. All bases established on or after January 1, 2022, are amortized over a
	closed 25-year period beginning on the valuation date.
Asset valuation method	Market related smoothed value
Price inflation	2.60%
Salary increases, including	
wage inflation	3.10% to 6.50%
Long-term rate of return, net	
Of investment expense, and	
including inflation	7.30%
Cost-of-living adjustments	1.50% if hired before July 1, 2013
	1.00% if hired on or after July 1, 2013 Medical COLA of \$10/month for each year retired (max \$250/month), if hired
	before July 1, 2016

Other Supplementary Information August 31, 2024 Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska

Omaha, Nebraska

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Building Fund (Dollars in thousands)

Function		Final dopted udget	Bud	Amounts Igetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of	year \$	25,961	\$	25,961	\$ -	
RECEIPTS						
Taxes						
1110 Property taxes - general p	urpose	17,678		15,258	(2,420)	
1115 Carline tax		3		3	-	
1410 Interest		1,600		1,489	(111)	
1990 Other local receipts		325		281	(44)	
3990 Other state receipts		27		1,490	1,463	
5100 Sale of bonds		-		-	-	
5690 Other nonrevenue receipts		2,947		584	 (2,363)	
Total receipts		22,580		19,105	 (3,475)	
DISBURSEMENTS						
2515-300 Purchased services		-		6,475	(6 <i>,</i> 475)	
2515-500 Capital outlay		-		49	(49)	
2515-520 Building acquisition and imp	provements	28,585		6,312	22,273	
2515-600 Other expenses		-		60	(60)	
5000-607 Repayment of taxes paid		15		34	 (19)	
Total disbursements		28,600		12,930	 15,670	
(DEFICIENCY) EXCESS OF REC	EIPTS					
(UNDER) OVER DISBURSEM		(6,020)		6,175	 12,195	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	19,941	\$	32,136	\$ 12,195	

Omaha, Nebraska

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Debt Service Fund (Dollars in thousands)

Function		Final dopted Budget	 ll Amounts Idgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget		
	FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$ 40,132	\$ 40,132	\$	-	
	RECEIPTS					
	Taxes					
1110	Property taxes - general purpose	52,728	47,997		(4,731)	
1115	Carline tax	11	11		-	
3130	Homestead exemption	-	1,935		1,935	
3180	Pro-rate motor vehicle	107	100		(7)	
1410	Interest	16,421	1,038		(15,383)	
1990	Other local receipts	921	841		(80)	
3990	Other state receipts	 4	 4		-	
	Total receipts	 70,192	 51,926		(18,266)	
	DISBURSEMENTS					
5000-607	Repayment of taxes paid	200	120		80	
5000-610	Redemption of principal	24,080	17,465		6,615	
5000-620	Debt service interest	30,039	30,475		(436)	
5000-690	Other miscellaneous expense	 -	 -		-	
	Total disbursements	 54,319	 48,060		6,259	
	EXCESS OF RECEIPTS					
	OVER DISBURSEMENTS	 15,873	 3,866		(12,007)	
	FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 56,005	\$ 43,998	\$	(12,007)	

Omaha, Nebraska

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Qualified Capital Purpose Fund (Dollars in thousands)

Function		A	Final dopted udget	Bu	l Amounts dgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget		
	FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$	3,917	\$	3,917	\$	-	
	RECEIPTS							
	Local Sources Taxes							
1110	Property taxes - general purpose		6,222		3,800		(2,422)	
1115	Carline tax		14		1		(13)	
3130	Homestead exemption		-		149		149	
3180	Pro-rate motor vehicle		104		25		(79)	
1410	Interest		3		-		(3)	
1990	Other local receipts		2,739		56		(2,683)	
	Total receipts		9,082		4,031		(5,051)	
	DISBURSEMENTS							
5000-607	Repayment of taxes paid		25		10		15	
5000-610	Redemption of principal		3,086		2,631		455	
5000-620	Debt service interest		2,253		988		1,265	
	Total disbursements		5,364		3,629		1,735	
	EXCESS OF RECEIPTS							
	OVER DISBURSEMENTS		3,718		402		(3,316)	
	FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	7,635	\$	4,319	\$	(3,316)	

Omaha, Nebraska

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Student Fee Funds (Dollars in thousands)

Function	Ad	inal opted ıdget	Buc	Amounts Igetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$	46	\$	46	\$	-
RECEIPTS Local Sources 1741 Extracurricular activity fees		2,816		2,993		177
DISBURSEMENTS 2100-600 Other expenses		3,000		3,000		-
DEFICIENCY OF RECEIPTS UNDER DISBURSEMENTS		(184)		(7)		177
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	(138)	\$	39	\$	177

Omaha, Nebraska

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Activity Funds (Dollars in thousands) Year Ended August 31, 2024

Function	Final Adopted Budget			Amounts dgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget		
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$	2,400	\$	2,400	\$	-	
RECEIPTS							
1410 Interest		-		2		2	
1710 Activities receipts		-		958		958	
1990 Other local receipts				1,646		1,646	
5690 Other nonrevenue receipts		4,640		5,555		915	
Total receipts		4,640		8,161		3,521	
DISBURSEMENTS							
2515-300 Purchased services		-		1,295		(1,295)	
2515-400 Supplies and materials		-		1,181		(1,181)	
2515-600 Other expenses		6,500		4,889		1,611	
Total disbursements		6,500		7,365		(865)	
(DEFICIENCY) EXCESS OF RECEIPTS (UNDER) OVER DISBURSEMENTS		(1,860)		796		2,656	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	540	\$	3,196	\$	2,656	

Omaha, Nebraska

Budgetary Comparison Schedule ESU No. 19 Fund (Dollars in thousands) Year Ended August 31, 2024

Function		Final Adopted Budget		Transfers In (Out)		Revised Budget		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget	
	FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$	14,763	\$	-	\$	14,763	\$	14,763	\$	-
	RECEIPTS										
1000	Local sources		16,394		-		16,394		16,320		(74)
3000	State sources		2,823		-		2,823		3,213		390
4000	Federal sources		-		-		-		523		
5000	Nonrevenue receipts		2,331		-		2,331		2,494		163
	Total receipts		21,548				21,548		22,550		479
	DISBURSEMENTS										
2100	Student non-instructional support services		3,593		-		3,593		3,523		70
2200	Support services - staff		668		-		668		668		-
2300	Board of control and general administration		17		-		17		42		(25)
2900	Materials and equipment services		1,431		(57)		1,374		1,372		2
3550	Core services & technology infrastructure		17,586		(105)		17,481		16,493		988
5000	Debt service		105		57		162		6		156
	Total disbursements		23,400		(105)		23,295		22,104		1,191
	(DEFICIENCY) EXCESS OF RECEIPTS										
	(UNDER) OVER DISBURSEMENTS		(1,852)		105		(1,747)		446		1,670
	FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	12,911	\$	105	\$	13,016	\$	15,209	\$	1,670

Omaha, Nebraska

Budgetary Comparison Schedule KIOS Fund (Dollars in thousands)

Function		Ac	Final lopted udget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget	
	FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$	730	\$	730	\$	-
	RECEIPTS Local Sources						
1410	Interest		-		8		8
1925	Categorical grants from corporations		1,250		-		(1,250)
1990	Other local receipts		-		772		772
	Total local sources		1,250		780		(470)
5690	Nonrevenue receipts Other nonrevenue receipts		-		48		(48)
	Total receipts		1,250		828		(518)
2200	DISBURSEMENTS Support services Staff		1,250		1,133		117
	DEFICIENCY OF RECEIPTS UNDER DISBURSEMENTS		-		(305)		(305)
	FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	730	\$	425	\$	(305)

Omaha, Nebraska

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Depreciation Funds

(Dollars in thousands)

Function		Final Adopted Budget		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget	
	FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$	75,784	\$	75,784	\$	-
1410 5500	RECEIPTS Interest Transfers from general fund		- 104		2,839 70		2,839 (34)
	Total receipts		104		2,909		2,805
2500-500	DISBURSEMENTS Capital outlay		46,000		6,782		39,218
	DEFICIENCY OF RECEIPTS UNDER DISBURSEMENTS		(45,896)		(3,873)		42,023
	FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	29,888	\$	71,911	\$	42,023

Omaha, Nebraska

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Employee Benefit Fund

(Dollars in thousands) Year Ended August 31, 2024

Function		Adopted Budge		l Amounts dgetary Basis	getary Varianc	
	FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$ 16,005	\$	16,005	\$	-
	RECEIPTS					
1410	Interest	-		121		121
5500	Transfers from general fund	-		5,637		5,637
5690	Other nonrevenue receipts	 417		1,788		1,371
	Total receipts	 417		7,546		7,129
	DISBURSEMENTS					
2500-200	Employee benefits	 15,300		8,017		7,283
	DEFICIENCY OF RECEIPTS					
	UNDER DISBURSEMENTS	 (14,883)	1	(471)		14,412
	FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 1,122	\$	15,534	\$	14,412

Omaha, Nebraska

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Contingency Fund (Dollars in thousands)

Function		Final Adopted Budget		Bu	l Amounts dgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget	
	FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$	21,872	\$	21,872	\$	-
1410 5500	RECEIPTS Interest Transfers from general fund		2,785		839 1,638		839 (1,147)
	Total receipts		2,785		2,477		(308)
2310-643	DISBURSEMENTS Judgments/settlements		20,200		3,131		17,069
	DEFICIENCY OF RECEIPTS UNDER DISBURSEMENTS		(17,415)		(654)		16,761
	FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	4,457	\$	21,218	\$	16,761

Omaha, Nebraska

Budgetary Comparison Schedule School Lunch Fund (Dollars in thousands) Year Ended August 31, 2024

Final Actual Amounts Adopted Budgetary Variance With Budget Basis Final Budget Function \$ \$ FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year \$ 35,868 35,868 RECEIPTS 1410 1,610 Interest 2 1,612 1720 Sale of lunches/milk 2,601 733 (1,868)1990 Other local receipts 78 78 State reimbursement 183 211 28 3150 4800 24,785 Federal reimbursement 13,344 38,129 4945 Child and adult food care program 984 1,344 360 5690 Other nonrevenue receipts 38 38 -**Total receipts** 17,114 42,145 25,031 DISBURSEMENTS 2100-100 Salaries 14,846 12,004 2,842 2100-200 Employee benefits 3,840 5,781 (1,941)3,276 574 2100-300 Purchased services 2,702 2100-400 Supplies and materials (excluding food) 3,186 976 2,210 2100-470 Food 3,902 20,322 16,420 2100-500 Capital outlay 5,820 1,617 4,203 2100-600 Other expenses 32 30 2 **Total disbursements** 51,322 40,764 10,558 (DEFICIENCY) EXCESS OF RECEIPTS (UNDER) OVER DISBURSEMENTS (34,208) 1,381 35,589 FUND BALANCE, end of year \$ 1,660 \$ 37,249 \$ 35,589

Omaha, Nebraska

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Cooperative Fund (Dollars in thousands)

Function		Final Adopted Budget		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget	
	FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$	(7)	\$	(7)	\$	-
	RECEIPTS						
1990	Other local receipts		-		627		627
5690	Other nonrevenue receipts		1,500		144		(1,356)
	Total receipts		1,500		771		(729)
	DISBURSEMENTS						
1160-110	Salary - teachers		-		453		(453)
1160-140	Salary - clerical and paraprofessional staff		-		5		(5)
1160-200	Employee benefits		-		144		(144)
1160-300	Purchased services		-		10		(10)
1160-400	Supplies and materials		-		119		(119)
1160-600	Other expenses		-		4		(4)
2510	General administration - business services		1,500		2		1,498
4990	Other federal categorical expenses		-		1		(1)
	Total disbursements		1,500		738		762
	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RECEIPTS						
	OVER (UNDER) DISBURSEMENTS		-		33		33
	FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	(7)	\$	26	\$	33

Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Federal Financial Assistance	Pass-through Entity Identifying		_		Passed Through to
Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Listing	Number		Expenditures		Subrecipients
Department of Agriculture						
Child Nutrition Cluster						
Passed through Nebraska Department of Education School Breakfast Program	10.553	13898414	\$ 9,316,448			\$ -
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13898414	27,110,999			- در -
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	13898114	990,823			-
Local Food for Schools	10.185	13898114	6,470			
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	13897314	703,916			-
Passed through Nebraska Department of Health						
and Human Services						
School Breakfast Program (noncash)	10.553	47600262900	2,752,137			-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster Passed through Nebraska Department of Education				\$ 40,880,793		-
Child and Adult Food Care Program	10.558	13899414		1,343,842		_
-	10.550	15655414		1,545,642		
Total Department of Agriculture					\$ 42,224,635	-
Department of Defense						
ROTC Language and Culture Training Grants	12.357	N/A			653,379	-
Department of Education						
Indian Education Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.060A	N/A		189,624		-
Passed through Nebraska Department of Education						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	24-6200-00-19-028-0001	27,180,392			-
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	24-6230-00-19-028-0001	203,061			-
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Title I Grants to Local Educational	84.010	23-6122-XX-19-028-0001	3,020,446			
Agencies				30,403,899		-
Migrant Education State Grant Program	84.011	24-6915-00-19-028-0001		999,831		
0	04.011	24 0515 00 15 020 0001		555,651		
Special Education Cluster Special Education Grants to States	84.027	24-6408-00-19-028-0001	17,422,969			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	24-6418-132-28-0001P	357,237			_
COVID-19 Special Education Grants to States	84.027	24-6412-00-19-028-0001	628,949			-
COVID-19 Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	24-6406-00-19-028-0001	270,444			-
Total Special Education Cluster				18,679,599		-
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants						
to States	84.048	22-6700-00-19-028-0001		1,006,453		-
Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families	84.181	22-6416-00-19-028-0001		37,611		-
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	22-6991-00-19-028-0001		202,624		-
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	22-6925-00-19-028-0001		2,752,488		
Supporting Effection Instruction State Grants	84.367A	22-6310-00-19-028-0001		1,915,943		-
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	24-6969-00-19-028-0001	1,637,149			-
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	23-6424-00-19-028-0001	264,990	1,902,139		
				1,902,139		-
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D 84.425U	21-6997-00-19-028-0001	19,693,505 124,979,965			-
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.4250 84.425W	21-6998-00-19-028-0001 22-6993-00-19-028-0001	87,817			-
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425W	22-6993-00-19-028-0001	838,767			-
Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund				145,600,054		-
Total Department of Education					203,690,265	-
Department of Health and Human Services					<u> </u>	
Head Start Cluster						
Head Start	93.600	N/A	9,207,498			3,404,366
COVID-19 Head Start	93.600	N/A	17,511			9,298
COVID-19 Head Start	93.600	N/A	207,576	0 400 505		207,532
Total Head Start Cluster				9,432,585		3,621,196
Passed through Nebraska Department of Education	02 566	22 4520 00 020 0004	255 075			
Refugee School Impact Grant	93.566	23-4530-00-028-0001	255,075			-
Passed through Nebraska Department of Health						
and Human Services	02 500		110 000			
Refugee School Impact Grant Refugee School Impact Grant	93.566 93.566	2101NERSSS 2201NERSSS	119,880 114,701			
Refugee School Impact Grant	93.566	2301NERSSS	26,740			-
Total Refugee School Impact Grant				516,396		-
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	052105NE5ADM		725,337		-
-				. 20,007	10 674 319	2 621 100
Total Department of Health and Human Services					10,674,318	3,621,196
Total Federal Financial Assistance					\$ 257,242,597	\$ 3,621,196

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended August 31, 2024. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position or fund balance of the District.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting in accordance with the accounting procedures and reporting requirements permitted by the Nebraska Commissioner of Education, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has passed funds through to subrecipients and those are recorded on the cash basis of accounting.

Note 3 – Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

Note 4 – Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in this schedule at the fair market value of commodities received and disbursed. At August 31, 2024 the District had food commodities totaling \$2,640,387 in inventory.

Additional Reports August 31, 2024 Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska



CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Governing Board Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Douglas County School District #0001 ("the District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 18, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ende Bailly LLP

Omaha, Nebraska March 18, 2025



CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Board of Education Douglas County School District #0001 Omaha, Nebraska

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Douglas County School District #0001 ("the District")'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District 's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a deficiency of the type of compliance with a type of deficiencies, in internal control over the type of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of deficiency or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Erde Barly LLP

Omaha, Nebraska March 18, 2025

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified			
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	Yes None reported			
	·			
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No			
FEDERAL AWARDS				
Internal control over major program: Material weaknesses identified Significant deficiencies identified not	No			
considered to be material weaknesses	None reported			
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a):	No			
Identification of major programs:				
Name of Federal Program	Federal Assistance Listing Number			
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D/84.425U/ 84.425W			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010/84.010A			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 3,000,000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No			

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

2024-001 Preparation of Financial Statements, Including Adjusting Journal Entries and Correction of Error Material Weakness

Criteria: The design and operation of the District's internal controls should allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements in the District's financial statements on a timely basis and ensure all account balances are adjusted accurately for reporting.

Condition: The preparation of financial statements requires tremendous detail. The financial statements prepared by management for the audit required several adjusting entries, including additional entries identified by management and others identified by the audit process, in order to fairly state the District's financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The District prepares its interim financial statements throughout the fiscal year on the cash basis of accounting and performs a conversion of the statements to the modified accrual and full accrual basis, as applicable, for financial reporting purposes at the end of its fiscal year. After management provided its initial financial statements, several audit adjustments and a number of additional entries provided by management as well as identified by the audit process were required to fairly state the District's financial statements in accordance with GAAP. These adjusting entries included a restatement of net position to correct various errors from the prior year.

Cause: Due to recent turnover in the accounting department of the District as well as time constraints related to the period between the end of the District's fiscal year and the scheduled inception of the audit of the financial statements, management was unable to complete a thorough review of its GAAP basis financial statements for accuracy and completeness prior to the audit commencing.

Effect: Several audit adjustments and reclassifications were required to correct misstatements in the financial statements to accurately present the basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

Recommendation: We recommend management review its closing schedule and financial statement preparation and reporting processes in an effort to identify efficiencies that may allow management to prevent, and detect and correct, misstatements in order to produce complete and accurate financial statements.

Views of Responsible Officials: Management is aware of this deficiency in internal control over financial reporting and adjusting journal entries. Management will review and revise where necessary the processes for preparing financial statements and adjust account balances for reporting. This review will focus on areas that inhibit the timely and accurate preparation of the District's financial statements and will include:

- Increased review of roles in the financial reporting process to create efficiencies and effectiveness.
- Increased use of analytics to review activity in key accounts on at least a quarterly basis.
- Documented reviews of quarterly reconciliations of key accounts by the Accounting Manager and Controller as part of the process of improving internal controls over financial reporting.

Management expects this finding to be resolved by August 31, 2025.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.